FINAL TERMS



for

Certificates

Deutsche Bank AG

Up to 50,000 Express Certificates each WKN/ISIN DB0NRA /DE000DB0NRA0 relating to Deutsche Bank Liquid Commodity Index Mean Reversion Excess Return

Issued under its **-markets ** Programme

Issue Price EUR 1,000 per Express Certificates (inclusive of a subscription fee of 6%)

WKN/ISIN DB0NRA /DE000DB0NRA0

The issuer (the "**Issuer**") of the securities described in this document is Deutsche Bank AG, Frankfurt am Main, incorporated under the laws of Germany.

The Issuer is authorised to and may issue securities relating to shares and/or indices and/or other securities and/or fund shares and/or commodities and/or foreign exchange rates and/or other assets as part of its general banking business (set out in article 2(1) of the Articles of Association of Deutsche Bank AG). Under its X-markets Programme (the "Programme"), the Issuer may issue securities relating to shares and/or indices and/or other securities and/or fund shares and/or commodities and/or foreign exchange rates and/or futures and/or other assets.

Investors who are interested in purchasing securities of a certain type and who wish to glean information from the Base Prospectus prior to the issuance of the Securities should consult the section entitled "Information for investors on using the Base Prospectus" to determine which information in the Base Prospectus is relevant for each security type. No investment decision should be made until the final terms published for the relevant Securities, which are not yet contained in the Base Prospectus, have been read in detail.

The Issuer has determined to issue up to 50,000 Express Certificates (the "Securities") relating to Index specified above upon the product conditions in section VI 1 of this document (the "Product Conditions") and the general terms and conditions set out in section VI 3 of this document (the "General Conditions", which together with the Product Conditions shall be referred to as the "Conditions"). References to the term "Underlying" shall be construed as references to the Index specified above.

The Issuer has a right of substitution and a right to change the office through which it is acting, subject as provided in General Condition 8.

Application has been made to list the Securities on the Official List of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and to trade them on the regulated market of Luxembourg Stock Exchange, which is a regulated market for the purposes of Directive 2003/71/EC.

Prospective purchasers of the Securities should ensure that they understand fully the nature of the Securities, as well as the extent of their exposure to risks associated with an investment in the Securities and should consider the suitability of an investment in the Securities in the light of their own particular financial, fiscal and other circumstances. Prospective purchasers of the Securities should refer to the "Risk Factors" section of this

document. The Securities will represent unsubordinated, unsecured contractual obligations of the Issuer which will rank *pari passu* in all respects with each other.

The Securities have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Any offer or sale of the Securities must be made in a transaction exempt from the registration requirements of such Act pursuant to Regulation S thereunder. The Securities may not be offered, sold or otherwise transferred in the United States or to persons who are either U.S. persons defined as such in Regulation S of such Act or persons who do not come within the definition of a non-United States person under Rule 4.7 of the United States Commodity Exchange Act, as amended. For a description of certain restrictions on the sale and transfer of the Securities, please refer to the General Selling and Transfer Restrictions section of this document.

The Base Prospectus is dated 9 October 2006 and provides information with respect to various types of financial instruments which are capable of issue under the Programme. This document constitutes, in relation to the Securities only, Final Terms in a completed version of the Base Prospectus and is dated 15 January, 2007.

Deutsche Bank AG, Frankfurt am Main accepts responsibility for the information contained in this document. To the best of the knowledge of the Issuer who has taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case the information contained in this document is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information.

Deutsche Bank

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I. SUMMARY

The information set out below is a summary only and should be read in conjunction with the rest of this document. This summary is intended to convey the essential characteristics and risks associated with the Issuer, and in relation to the Securities and does not purport to be complete. It is taken from, and is qualified in its entirety by, the remainder of this document, including the Conditions, which constitute the legally binding conditions of the Securities as attached to the global security. Accordingly, this summary should be read as an introduction to the document, and any decision to invest in the Securities should be based on consideration of the document as a whole by the investor.

Prospective investors should be aware that where a claim relating to the information contained in this document is brought before a court, the investor making the claim might, under the national legislation of the respective EU member state, have to bear the costs of translating the prospectus before the legal proceedings are initiated.

Civil liability attaches to the Issuer who has tabled the summary including the translation thereof and applied for its notification, but only if the summary is misleading, inaccurate or inconsistent when read together with the other parts of the document.

A. SUMMARY OF RISK FACTORS

1. Risks relating to the Securities

An investment in the Securities involves risks. These risks may include, among others, equity market, bond market, foreign exchange, interest rate, market volatility and economic, political and regulatory risks and any combination of these and other risks. Prospective purchasers should be experienced with respect to transactions in instruments such as the Securities and in the underlying asset or other basis of reference for the Securities (the "**Underlying**"). Prospective purchasers should understand the risks associated with an investment in the Securities and should only reach an investment decision after careful consideration, with their legal, tax, accounting and other advisers, of (a) the suitability of an investment in the Securities in the light of their own particular financial, tax and other circumstances, (b) the information set out in this document and (c) the Underlying.

The Securities may decline in value and investors should be prepared to sustain a total loss of their investment in the Securities. The shorter the remaining term of the Securities, the higher the risk of decline in value of the Securities.

An investment in the Securities should only be made after assessing the direction, timing and magnitude of potential future changes in the value of the Underlying, and/or in the composition or method of calculation of the Underlying, as the return of any such investment will be dependent, *inter alia*, upon such changes. More than one risk factor may have simultaneous effect with regard to the Securities such that the effect of a particular risk factor may not be predictable. In addition, more than one risk factor may have a compounding effect which may not be predictable. No assurance can be given as to the effect that any combination of risk factors may have on the value of the Securities.

2. Issuer Risk Factors

Prospective investors should consider all information provided in the Registration Document and consult with their own professional advisers if they consider it necessary. The following describes risk factors relating to the issuer's ability to meet its obligations under the securities.

3. Ratings

Ratings assigned to the Issuer by certain independent rating agencies are an indicator of the Issuer's ability to meet its obligations in a timely manner¹. The lower the assigned rating is on the respective scale the higher the respective rating agency assesses the risk that obligations will not be met at all or not be met in a timely manner. As of the publication date of this summary, the following ratings were assigned to Deutsche Bank:

Rating Agency	Long-term	Short-term
Standard & Poors (S&P)	AA-	A-1+
Moodys	Aa3	P-1
Fitch	AA-	F1+

Rating agencies may change their ratings at short notice. A rating's change may reflect the price of securities outstanding.

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A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell, or hold certificates, and may be subject to suspension, downgrading, or withdrawal by the rating agency. Any such suspension, downgrading, or withdrawal may have a negative effect on the market price of the certificates.

B. SUMMARY OF FINAL TERMS OF THE OFFER

1. Principal Terms

Issuer: Deutsche Bank AG, Frankfurt am Main

Number of Certificates: Up to 50,000 Certificates.

The actual amount of Securities issued will correspond to the sum of all valid subscriptions or

orders received by the Issuer.

Issue Price: EUR 1,000.

Underlying: Deutsche Bank Liquid Commodity Index Mean

Reversion Excess Return.

Offer Price: EUR 1,000, inclusive of a subscription fee of 6 per

cent.

Issue Date: 26 February 2007.

Primary Market End Date: 21 February 2007.

Initial Reference Valuation

Date(s):

26 February 2007.

Initial Reference Level: Means, subject to adjustment in accordance with

Product Condition 4 and as provided in the definition of "Initial Reference Valuation Date", an amount equal to the Reference Level on the Initial Reference Valuation Date as determined by the Calculation Agent and without regard to any subsequently

published correction.

Determination Level: Means 70 per cent. of the Initial Reference Level.

Final Reference Level: Means, subject to adjustment in accordance with

Product Condition 4 and as provided in the definition of "Valuation Date", an amount equal to the Reference Level on the Valuation Date as determined by the Calculation Agent and without regard to any subsequently published correction.

Settlement Date(s): Means, in respect of a Security and the Exercise

Date, the third Business Day following if a Knock-Out Event occurs, the relevant Barrier Determination

Date; otherwise the Valuation Date.

Exercise Date: Means 21 February 2013 or, if such day is not a

Business Day, the first succeeding Business Day.

Barrier Level: Means 100 per cent. of the Initial Reference Level,

subject to adjustment in accordance with Product

Condition 4.

Barrier Determination Amount:

Means, in relation to any day, an amount equal to the official closing level of the Underlying quoted by the Reference Source at such time on such day, as determined by the Calculation Agent.

Barrier Determination Date:

Means 26 February 2008 (the "First Barrier Determination Date"), 26 February 2009 (the "Second Barrier Determination Date"), 26 February 2010 (the "Third Barrier Determination Date"), 26 February 2011 (the "Fourth Barrier Determination Date"), 26 February 2012 (the "Fifth Barrier Determination Date") and the Valuation Date (the "Final Barrier Determination Date") or, if any such day is not a Trading Day, the next following Trading Day.

Settlement: Cash Settlement.

Valuation Date(s): Means the Exercise Date.

Automatic Exercise: Applicable.

Settlement Currency: Euro ("EUR").

Cash Settlement Amount:

means, with respect to each Security, an amount determined by the Calculation Agent as follows:

- if, in the determination of the Calculation Agent, on a Barrier Determination Date, the Barrier Determination Amount has been equal to or above the Barrier Level (such event a "Knock-Out Event"):
 - (1) if the Knock Out Event occurs in relation to the First Barrier Determination Date, EUR 1,060; or
 - (2) if the Knock Out Event occurs in relation to the Second Barrier Determination Date, EUR 1,120; or
 - (3) if the Knock Out Event occurs in relation to the Third Barrier Determination Date, EUR 1,180; or
 - (4) if the Knock Out Event occurs in relation to the Fourth Barrier Determination Date, EUR 1,240; or
 - (5) if the Knock Out Event occurs in relation to the Fifth Barrier Determination Date, EUR 1,300; or
 - (6) if the Knock Out Event occurs in relation to the Final Barrier Determination Date, EUR 1,360; or
- 2) if a Knock Out Event has not occurred:
 - (1) if, in the determination of the

Calculation Agent, on the Valuation Date, the Barrier Determination Amount has been lower than the Determination Level:

an amount equal to the quotient of

- a) the product of (i) EUR 1,000 and (ii) the Final Reference Level (as numerator); and
- b) the Initial Reference Level (as denominator); or
- (2) if the provisions of (1) have not been satisfied, an amount equal to EUR 1,000.

The Cash Settlement Amount will be rounded to the nearest two decimal places in the Settlement Currency, 0.005 being rounded downwards.

Listing and Trading: Application has been made to list the Securities on

the Official List of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and to trade them on the regulated market of Luxembourg Stock Exchange, which is a regulated market for the purposes of the Investment Services

Directive (Directive 2003/71/EC).

Calculation Agent: The Issuer shall act as the Calculation Agent.

Principal Agent: Deutsche Bank AG.

ISIN: DE000DB0NRA0.

WKN: DB0NRA.

Common Code: 028240406.

The Subscription Period: Applications to subscribe for the Securities may be

made from 15 January until the Primary Market End Date as described in the section titled "Country

Specific Information", paragraph 2.

Cancellation of the The Issuer reserves the right for any reason to

Issuance of the Securities: cancel the issuance of the Securities.

Early Closing of the Subscription of the

Securities:

In accordance with the section titled "Country Specific Information", paragraph 2, the Issuer reserves the right for any reason to close the

subscription period early.

2. Further Information on the Terms of the Securities

2.1 Single Underlying Linked Renewable Opportunity/Express Certificates

(a) The Securities represent an investment similar to a direct investment in the Underlying. In contrast to a direct investment, the Securities offer investors a chance to receive, following certain predefined Dates (the Barrier Determination Dates) prior to maturity of the Securities, a cash amount fixed for each such date, if the value of the Underlying on a Barrier Determination Date is greater than the defined Barrier Level. In such case, the Cash Settlement Amount will reflect the value of the Underlying at or around issuance of the Securities plus a certain premium, which will be the higher the later such early redemption occurs. As the Securities will be sold at an issue price reflecting the level of the Underlying at or around issuance, this will allow investors to receive a return for their investment reflecting such premium. For that option, investors forego the opportunity to participate in any further growth in the value of the Underlying beyond the Barrier Level after an early redemption of the Securities as described above has occurred.

Otherwise, investors in the Securities will receive a cash amount at maturity of the Securities, which will correspond to what they would receive if they would, at the same time, liquidate a direct investment in the Underlying entered into at the time of issuance of the Securities, unless the value of the Underlying has not on the Valuation Date been lower than the defined Determination Level, in which case the Cash Settlement Amount will equal the value of the Underlying at or around issuance of the Securities; accordingly, the Securities provide a degree of protection against a decrease in the value of the Underlying.

A further difference from a direct investment in the Underlying is that investors will forego the right to receive any dividends, interest or similar amounts paid in respect of the Underlying.

(b) The Securities represent the right to receive payment of the Cash Settlement Amount at settlement. The Cash Settlement Amount will depend on whether on a Barrier Determination Date, the Barrier Determination Amount has been equal to or above the Barrier Level (such event a "Knock-Out Event"). If a Knock-Out Event occurs, the Cash Settlement Amount will be the amount specified above in relation to such Barrier Determination Date and the Securities will be redeemed early on the relevant Settlement Date. If a Knock-Out Event does not occur, if on the Valuation Date, the Barrier Determination Amount, as the value of the Underlying at the relevant time, has not been lower than the Determination Level, then the Cash Settlement Amount will reflect the value of the Underlying at or about the date of issuance of the Underlying on the Valuation Date divided by the value of the Underlying at or about the date of issuance of the Securities.

The payment of the Cash Settlement Amount is subject to deduction of certain taxes, duties and/or expenses.

Prospective investors should note that the return (if any) on their investment in the Securities will depend on the performance of the Underlying and whether a Knock-Out Event occurs.

If the value of the Underlying on a Barrier Determination Date is greater than or equal to the Barrier Level, the Securities will be redeemed by payment of the Cash Settlement Amount which will be the amount specified above for the occurrence of such case at the respective time; in this case, investors that buy the Securities at the Issue Date and hold the Securities for the entire term will receive a return on the initial investment, which will be the higher the later such early redemption occurs. Accordingly, investors will profit the more from an investment in the Securities, the later during the term of the Securities the

value of the Underlying rises compared to its value at or around issuance of the Securities.

In the absence of a Knock-Out Event, investors that buy the Securities at the Issue Date and hold the Securities for the entire term will receive the Cash Settlement Amount which will reflect the value of the Underlying at or around settlement, and will thus not achieve a return on the initial investment, but will avoid a loss, unless the value of the Underlying on the Valuation Date has been lower than the Determination Level. In the latter case, investors will receive the Cash Settlement Amount reflecting the value of the Underlying on the Valuation Date divided by the value of the Underlying at or about the date of issuance of the Securities. In such a case, if the value of the Underlying on the Valuation Date is below the value of the Underlying at or about the Issue Date, investors that have bought the Securities at the Issue Date and hold them for their entire term will make a loss on their investment and may lose their investment entirely if such value on the Valuation Date is zero. Accordingly, an investment in the Securities involves a number of risks which may include, without limitation, a similar market risk to a direct investment in the Underlying and investors should take advice accordingly.

- (c) The Securities do not provide a guarantee of payment of a set amount or for the right to receive repayment of the Issue Price. There is no return on the Securities other than the potential payment of the Cash Settlement Amount at settlement. Accordingly, investors may only receive a positive return on their initial investment if the Cash Settlement Amount received on settlement or the amount received after a sale of the Securities in the secondary market during their term exceeds the price originally paid for the Securities. Investors will not receive any periodic payments in respect of the Securities and will not receive any amounts paid from time to time by way of interest or other distributions (e.g. dividends) by or in respect of the Underlying and will not have any rights against the issuer of the Underlying, any constituents of the Underlying or the issuer of any such constituents.
- (d) The market value of the Securities during their term depends primarily on the value and volatility of the Underlying during the life of the Securities. In general, if the value of the Underlying falls and/or there is a market perception that the value of the Underlying is likely to fall during the remaining life of the Securities or that the value of the Underlying on a Barrier Determination Date is greater than or equal to the Barrier Level, is not likely to occur all other factors being equal, the market value of the Securities will be expected to fall. On the same basis, if the value of the Underlying rises and/or there is a market perception that the value of the Underlying is likely to rise during the remaining life of the Securities or that the value of the Underlying on a Barrier Determination Date is greater than or equal to the Barrier Level, is likely to occur, the market value of the Securities will be expected to rise.

Other factors which may influence the market value of the Securities include interest rates, potential dividend or interest payments, as applicable, in respect of the Underlying, changes in the basket constituents or in the method of calculating the value of the Underlying from time to time and market expectations regarding the future performance of the Underlying, its composition and the Securities.

The value of the Underlying on any day will reflect the value of its constituents on such day. Changes in the composition of the Underlying and factors (including those described above) which either affect or may affect the value of the constituents, will affect the value of the Underlying and therefore may affect the return on an investment in the Securities.

In addition, each value of the Underlying relevant for the determination of the Cash Settlement Amount is deemed to be in the Settlement Currency, without reference to any exchange rate between the Reference Currency and the Settlement Currency (so-called "quanto securities"). As a result, an investment in the Securities will not involve exchange rate risks. However, the relative interest rate difference between the current interest rate relating to the Reference Currency and the current interest rate relating to the Settlement Currency may influence the price of the Securities.

In addition, investors will be exposed to exchange rate risk where the Settlement Currency is different from the currency of the investor's home jurisdiction or the currency in which an investor wishes to receive funds.

C. SUMMARY OF ISSUER DESCRIPTION

DEUTSCHE BANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT

Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft ("Deutsche Bank" or the "Bank") originated from the reunification of Norddeutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft, Hamburg, Rheinisch-Westfälische Bank Aktiengesellschaft, Duesseldorf and Süddeutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft, Munich; pursuant to the Law on the Regional Scope of Credit Institutions, these had been disincorporated in 1952 from Deutsche Bank which was founded in 1870. The merger and the name were entered in the Commercial Register of the District Court Frankfurt am Main on 2 May 1957. Deutsche Bank is a banking institution and a stock corporation incorporated under the laws of Germany under registration number HRB 30 000. The Bank has its registered office in Frankfurt am Main, Germany. It maintains its head office at Taunusanlage 12, 60325 Frankfurt am Main and branch offices in Germany and abroad including in London, New York, Sydney, Tokyo and an Asia-Pacific Head Office in Singapore which serve as hubs for its operations in the respective regions.

The Bank is the parent company of a group consisting of banks, capital market companies, fund management companies, a real estate finance company, instalment financing companies, research and consultancy companies and other domestic and foreign companies (the "**Deutsche Bank Group**").

As of 30 June 2006, Deutsche Bank's issued share capital amounted to Euro 1,329,684,136.96 consisting of 519,407,866 ordinary shares of no par value. The shares are fully paid up and in registered form. The shares are listed for trading and official quotation on all the German Stock Exchanges. They are also listed on the Stock Exchanges in New York, Tokyo and Zurich. The Management Board has decided to pursue delisting on certain stock exchanges other than Germany and New York in order to benefit from the integration of financial markets. In respect of the stock exchanges Amsterdam, Brussels, London, Luxembourg, Paris and Vienna this decision was already completely implemented.

As of 30 June 2006, Deutsche Bank Group had total assets of EUR 1,058,293 million, total liabilities of EUR 1,029,229 million and total shareholders' equity of EUR 29,064 million on the basis of United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("U.S. GAAP").

Deutsche Bank's long-term senior debt has been assigned a rating of AA- (outlook stable) by Standard & Poor's, Aa3 (outlook positive) by Moody's Investors Services and AA- (outlook stable) by Fitch Ratings.

II. RISK FACTORS

A. ISSUER RISK FACTORS

An investment in debt securities, including certificates, and money market papers issued by Deutsche Bank bears the risk that Deutsche Bank is not able to fulfil its obligations created by the issuance of the securities on the relevant due date.

In order to assess the risk, prospective investors should consider all information provided in this Registration Document and consult with their own professional advisers if they consider it necessary.

The risk related to an Issuer's ability to fulfill its obligations created by the issuance of debt securities and money market papers is described by reference to the credit ratings assigned by independent rating agencies. A credit rating is an assessment of the solvency or credit-worthiness of creditors and/or bond-issuers according to established credit review procedures. These ratings and associated research help investors analyse the credit risks associated with fixed-income securities by providing detailed information of the ability of issuers to meet their obligations. The lower the assigned rating is on the respective scale, the higher the respective rating agency assesses the risk that obligations will not, not fully and/or not timely be met. A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any notes issued and may be subject to suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency. A suspension, reduction or withdrawal of any rating assigned may adversely affect the market price of the notes issued.

Deutsche Bank is rated by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.("S&P"), Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") and by Fitch Ratings Limited ("Fitch", together with S&P and Moody's, the "Rating Agencies").

As of the Publication Date of this Registration Document, the ratings assigned by the Rating Agencies to debt securities and money market papers of Deutsche Bank were as follows:

by S&P: long-term rating: AA-

short-term rating: A-1+

outlook: positive

S&P defines:

AA-: An obligation rated "AA" differs from the highest rated obligations only in small degree. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is very strong.

Long-term ratings by S&P are divided into several categories ranging from "AAA", reflecting the strongest creditworthiness, over categories "AA", "A", "BBB", "BB", "B" "CCC", "CC", "C" to category "D", reflecting that an obligation is in payment default. The ratings from "AA" to "CCC" may be modified by the addition of a plus ("+") or minus ("-") sign to show relative standing within the major rating categories.

A-1+: A short-term obligation rated "A-1" is rated in the highest category by S&P. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is strong. Within this category, certain obligations are designated with a plus sign ("+"). This indicates that the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on these obligations is extremely strong.

Short-term ratings by S&P are divided into several categories ranging from "A-1", reflecting the strongest creditworthiness, over categories "A-2", "A-3", "B", "C" to category "D' reflecting that an obligigation is in payment default.

by Moody's: long-term rating: Aa3

> short-term rating: P-1

outlook: stable

Moody's defines:

Obligations rated "Aa" are judged to be of high quality and are subject to very Aa3: low credit risk.

Moody's long-term obligation ratings are divided into several categories ranging from "Aaa", reflecting the highest quality with minimal credit risk, over categories "Aa", "A", "Baa", "Ba", "B", "Caa", "Ca" to category "C", reflecting the lowest rated class of bonds which are typically in default with little prospect for recovery of principal or interest. Moody's appends numerical modifiers 1, 2 and 3 to each generic rating classification from "Aa" through "Caa". The modifier 1 indicates that the obligation ranks in the higher end of its generic rating category; the modifier 2 indicates a mid-range ranking; and the modifier 3 indicates a ranking in the lower end of that generic rating category.

P-1: Issuers rated Prime-1 have a superior ability to repay short-term debt obligations.

Moody's short-term ratings are divided into several categories ranging from "P-1", reflecting a superior ability of an Issuer to repay short-term debt obligations, over categories "P-2" and "P-3" to category "NP", reflecting that an Issuer does not fall within any of the Prime rating categories.

by Fitch: long-term rating: AA-

> F1+ short-term rating:

outlook: stable

Fitch defines:

AA-: A rating of "AA" denotes a very low expectation of credit risk. It

indicates a very strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to

foreseeable events.

Fitch's long-term ratings are divided into several major categories ranging from "AAA", reflecting the highest credit quality, over categories "AA", "A", "BBB", "BB", "B", "CCC, CC, C" to category "DDD, DD, D", reflecting that an obligor has defaulted on some or all of its obligations. A plus ("+") or minus ("-") sign may be appended to a rating to denote the relative status within major rating categories. Such suffixes are not added to the "AAA" category or to categories below "CCC".

F1+: A rating of "F1" indicates the strongest capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. It may have an added plus ("+") sign to denote any exceptionally strong credit feature.

Fitch's short-term ratings are divided into several categories ranging from "F1", reflecting the highest credit quality, over categories "F2", "F3", "B", "C" to category "D" which denotes an actual or imminent payment default.

Rating of Subordinated Obligations

If Deutsche Bank enters into subordinated obligations, these obligations may be rated lower because, in the case of an insolvency or liquidation of the Bank, the claims and interest claims resulting from these obligations are subordinate to those claims of creditors of the Bank that are not also subordinated. Deutsche Bank will disclose the ratings of subordinated obligations (if any).

B. PRODUCT SPECIFIC RISK FACTORS

1. Introduction

The discussion below is intended to describe various risk factors associated with an investment in the Securities. No investment should be made in the Securities until after careful consideration of all those factors which are relevant in relation to the Securities. The Issuer believes that the factors described below represent the principal risks inherent in investing in the Securities, but does not represent that the statements below regarding risks of holding the Securities are exhaustive. Prospective investors should also read the detailed information set out elsewhere in this document and reach their own views prior to making any investment decision.

Prospective investors should also consider carefully the description of the Underlying (as defined below) in the sections "Product Conditions" and "Information relating to the Underlying" and the further information which is available in relation to the Underlying.

This document is not, and does not purport to be, investment advice.

An investment in the Securities involves risks. These risks may include, among others, equity market, bond market, foreign exchange, interest rate, market volatility and economic, political and regulatory risks and any combination of these and other risks. Some of these are briefly discussed below. Prospective purchasers should be experienced with respect to transactions in instruments such as the Securities and in the Underlying. Prospective purchasers should understand the risks associated with an investment in the Securities and should only reach an investment decision after careful consideration, with their legal, tax, accounting and other advisers, of (a) the suitability of an investment in the Securities in the light of their own particular financial, tax and other circumstances, (b) the information set out in this document and (c) the Underlying.

The Securities may decline in value.

An investment in the Securities should only be made after assessing the direction, timing and magnitude of potential future changes in the value of the Underlying, and/or in the composition or method of calculation of the Underlying, as the return of any such investment will be dependent, *inter alia*, upon such changes. More than one risk factor may have simultaneous effect with regard to the Securities such that the effect of a particular risk factor may not be predictable. In addition, more than one risk factor may have a compounding effect which may not be predictable. No assurance can be given as to the effect that any combination of risk factors may have on the value of the Securities.

Additional Risk Factors are set out under the headings "C. General Risk Factors relating to the Securities" and "D. Market Factors". In addition prospective investors should also review section "E. Conflicts of Interest".

2. Rights under the Securities

Single Underlying Linked Renewable Opportunity/Express Certificates

Prospective investors should note that the return (if any) on their investment in the Securities will depend on the performance of the Underlying and whether a Knock-Out Event occurs.

In the absence of a Knock-Out Event, investors that buy the Securities at the Issue Date and hold the Securities for the entire term will receive the Cash Settlement Amount which will reflect the value of the Underlying at or around settlement, and will thus not achieve a return on the initial investment, but will avoid a loss, unless the value of the Underlying on the Valuation Date. In the

latter case, investors will receive the Cash Settlement Amount reflecting the value of the Underlying on the Valuation Date divided by the the value of the Underlying at or about the date of issuance of the Securities. In such a case, if the value of the Underlying on the Valuation Date is below the value of the Underlying at or about the Issue Date, investors that have bought the Securities at the Issue Date and hold them for their entire term will make a loss on their investment and may lose their investment entirely if such value on the Valuation Date is zero.

Accordingly, an investment in the Securities involves a number of risks which may include, without limitation, a similar market risk to a direct investment in the Underlying and investors should take advice accordingly.

C. GENERAL RISK FACTORS RELATING TO THE SECURITIES

1. No Payments until Settlement

Prospective investors should note that no periodic interest payments or other distributions will be made during the term of the Security. A realisation in the secondary market of the Securities may be the only return potentially available to the investor prior to settlement of the Securities. However, investors should note the risk factors described under the headings "Market value" and "The Securities may be Illiquid" below in this regard.

2. Early Termination for Extraordinary Reasons, Illegality and Force Majeure

If the Issuer determines that, for reasons beyond its control, the performance of its obligations under the Securities has become illegal or impractical in whole or in part for any reason, or the Issuer determines that, for reasons beyond its control, it is no longer legal or practical for it to maintain its hedging arrangements with respect to the Securities for any reason, the Issuer may at its discretion and without obligation terminate early the Securities. If the Issuer terminates early the Securities, the Issuer will, if and to the extent permitted by applicable law, pay the holder of each such Security an amount determined by the Calculation Agent to be its fair market value notwithstanding the illegality or impracticality less the cost to the Issuer of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements.

3. Market Disruption Events, Adjustments and Early Termination of the Securities

If so indicated in the Conditions, the Calculation agent may determine that a market disruption event has occurred or exists at a relevant time. Any such determination may delay valuation in respect of the Underlying which may have an effect on the value of the Securities and/or may delay settlement in respect of the Securities.

In addition, if so indicated in the Conditions, the Calculation Agent may make adjustments to the Conditions to account for relevant adjustments or events in relation to the Underlying including, but not limited to, determining a successor to the Underlying or its issuer or its sponsor, as the case may be. In addition, in certain circumstances, the Issuer may terminate early the Securities following any such event. In this case, in relation to each Security, the Issuer will pay an amount, if any, determined as provided in the Conditions.

Prospective purchasers should review the Conditions to ascertain whether and how such provisions apply to the Securities and what constitutes a event or relevant adjustment event.

4. Taxation

Potential purchasers and sellers of the Securities should be aware that they may be required to pay stamp taxes or other documentary charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country where the Securities are transferred. Securityholders are subject to the provisions of General Condition 6 and payment and/or delivery of any amount due in respect of the Securities will be conditional upon the payment of certain taxes, duties and/or expenses as provided in the Product Conditions.

Potential purchasers who are in any doubt as to their tax position should consult their own independent tax advisers. In addition, potential purchasers should be aware that tax regulations and their application by the relevant taxation authorities change from time to time. Accordingly, it is not possible to predict the precise tax treatment which will apply at any given time.

5. Exercise Notice and Certifications

If the Securities are subject to provisions concerning delivery of an exercise notice and such notice is received by either the relevant principal agent with a copy to the clearing agent after the latest time specified in the Conditions, it will not be deemed to be duly delivered until the next following business day. Such deemed delay may in the case of cash settled Securities increase or decrease the cash amount payable at settlement from what it would have been but for such deemed delivery. In the case of Securities which are exercisable on one day only or only during an exercise period, any exercise notice, if not delivered by the latest time specified in the Conditions, shall be void.

The failure to deliver any certifications required by the Conditions could result in the loss or inability to receive amounts or deliveries otherwise due under the Securities. Prospective purchasers should review the Conditions to ascertain whether and how such provisions apply to the Securities.

Securities not exercised in accordance with the Conditions will expire worthless. Prospective purchasers should review the Conditions to ascertain whether the Securities are subject to automatic exercise, and when and how an exercise notice may be validly delivered.

6. Time Lag after Exercise

Where the Securities are to be settled by a cash payment, then, upon their exercise, there may be a time lag between the time exercise occurs and the time the applicable cash amount relating to such exercise is determined. Any such delay between the time of exercise and the determination of the cash amount will be specified in the Conditions. However, such delay could be significantly longer, particularly in the case of a delay in exercise of such cash settled Securities arising from, as described below, any daily maximum exercise limitation or, as described below, upon the determination by the calculation agent that a event has occurred at any relevant time. The applicable cash amount could decrease or increase from what it would have been but for such delay.

Prospective purchasers should review the Conditions to ascertain whether and how such provisions apply to the Securities.

7. Re-offer Price

The Issuer may enter into distribution agreements with various financial institutions and other intermediaries as determined by the Issuer (collectively the "Selling Agents"). The Selling Agents will agree, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, to subscribe for the Securities at a price equivalent to or below the Issue Price. The Selling Agents have agreed to bear certain costs in connection with the issue of the Securities. A periodic fee may be payable to the Selling Agents in respect of all outstanding Securities up to and including the Expiry Date at a rate as determined by the Issuer. Such rate may vary from time to time. The Selling Agents will agree to comply with the selling restrictions set out in the document as amended and supplemented by the additional selling restrictions set out in the relevant distribution agreements and final terms of the prospectus.

The Issuer has the right to close the offering of the Securities prior to the end of the subscription period in case of adverse market conditions, as determined by the Issuer in its reasonable discretion, including but not limited to increased equity market volatility and increased currency exchange rate volatility.

D. MARKET FACTORS

1. Market Factors

1.1 Valuation of the Underlying

An investment in the Securities involves risk regarding the value of the Underlying or any of the basket constituents comprising the Underlying. The value of the basket constituents may vary over time and may increase or decrease by reference to a variety of factors which may include corporate actions, macroeconomic factors and speculation.

1.2 The Historical Performance of the Underlying or any of the Basket Constituents is not an Indication of Future Performance

The historical value (if any) of Underlying or any of the basket constituents does not indicate the future performance of the Underlying or any of the basket constituents. Changes in the value of the Underlying or any of the basket constituents will affect the trading price of the Securities, but it is impossible to predict whether the value of the Underlying or any of the basket constituents will rise or fall.

1.3 The Basis of Calculating the Level of the Underlying or any of the Basket Constituents may Change over Time

The basis of calculating the level of the Underlying or any of the basket constituents may from time to time be subject to change (as described in *Information relating to the Underlying*) which may affect the market value of the Securities at any time and therefore the cash amount payable on settlement.

1.4 The Value of the Basket Constituents of the Underlying will Affect its Value

The value of the Underlying on any day will reflect the value of the basket constituents on such day. Changes in the composition of the Underlying and factors (including those described in these Risk Factors) which either affect or may affect the value of the basket constituents will affect the value of the Securities. The historical value (if any) of the basket constituents does not indicate their future performance. Where the value of the constituents is determined in a different currency to the settlement currency of the Securities, investors may be exposed to exchange rate risk.

1.5 Exchange Rate Risk

Prospective investors should be aware that an investment in the Securities may involve exchange rate risks. For example, the settlement currency of the Securities may be different from the currency of an investor's home jurisdiction or the currency in which an investor wishes to receive funds.

Exchange rates between currencies are determined by factors of supply and demand in the international currency markets which are influenced by macroeconomic factors, speculation and central bank and government intervention or other political factors (including the imposition of currency controls and restrictions). Fluctuations in exchange rates may affect the value of the Securities and any amounts payable in respect of the Securities.

1.6 Interest Rate Risk

An investment in the Securities may involve interest rate risk where there are fluctuations in the interest rates payable on deposits in the settlement currency of the Securities. This may influence the market value of the Securities.

Interest rates are determined by factors of supply and demand in the international money markets which are influenced by macroeconomic factors, speculation and central bank and government intervention or other political factors. Fluctuations in short term and/or long term interest rates may affect the value of the Securities.

2. Market Value

The market value of the Securities during their term depends primarily on the value and the volatility of the Underlying or any of the basket constituents and the level of interest rates for instruments of comparable maturities.

The level of market volatility is not purely a measurement of the actual volatility, but is largely determined by the prices for instruments which offer investors protection against such market volatility. The prices of these instruments are determined by forces of supply and demand in the options and derivative markets generally. These forces are, themselves, affected by factors such as actual market volatility, expected volatility, macroeconomic factors and speculation.

Interest rate changes generally have the same impact on the value of the Securities as for fixed rate bonds: Rising interest rates will under normal conditions result in a lower, falling interest rates in a higher value of the Securities.

The value of the Underlying on any day will reflect the value of its constituents on such day. Changes in the composition of the Underlying and factors (including those described above) which either affect or may affect the value of the constituents, will affect the value of the Underlying and therefore may affect the return on an investment in the Securities.

3. Certain Hedging Considerations

Certain risks apply to purchasers that acquire the Securities for hedging purposes.

Prospective purchasers intending to purchase the Securities for the purpose of hedging their exposure to the Underlying or any basket constituents should recognise the risks of utilising the Securities in such manner. No assurance is or can be given that the value of the Securities will correlate with movements in the value of the Underlying or any basket constituents and the composition of the Underlying or any basket constituents may change over time. Furthermore, it may not be possible to liquidate the Securities at a price which directly reflects the value of the Underlying or any basket constituents. Therefore, there can be no assurance as to the level of any correlation between the return on an investment in the Securities and the return on a direct investment in the Underlying or any basket constituents.

Hedging transactions in order to limit the risks associated with the Securities might not be successful.

4. The Securities may be Illiquid

It is not possible to predict if and to what extent a secondary market may develop in the Securities or at what price the Securities will trade in the secondary market or whether such market will be liquid or illiquid. If so specified in this document, application has been made to list or quote or admit to trading the Securities on the stock exchange(s) or quotation system(s) specified. If the Securities are so listed or quoted or admitted to trading, no assurance is given that any such listing or quotation or admission to trading will be maintained. The fact that the Securities may be so listed or quoted or admitted to trading does not necessarily lead to greater liquidity than if they were not so listed or quoted or admitted to trading.

If the Securities are not listed or quoted or admitted to trading on any stock exchange or quotation system, pricing information for the Securities may be more difficult to obtain and the liquidity of the Securities may be adversely affected. The liquidity of the Securities may also be affected by restrictions on offers and sales of the Securities in some jurisdictions.

The Issuer may, but is not obliged to, at any time purchase Securities at any price in the open market or by tender or private agreement. Any Securities so purchased may

be held or resold or surrendered for cancellation. Since the Issuer may be the only market-maker in the Securities, the secondary market may be limited. The more limited the secondary market is, the more difficult it may be for holders of the Securities to realise value for the Securities prior to settlement of the Securities.

5. Creditworthiness of the Issuer

The value of the Securities is expected to be affected, in part, by investors' general appraisal of the Issuer's creditworthiness. Any reduction in the creditworthiness of the Issuer could result in a reduction in the value of the Securities. If a bankruptcy proceeding is commenced in respect to the Issuer, the return to a Securityholder may be limited and any recovery will likely be substantially delayed.

E. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

1. Transactions Involving the Underlying

The Issuer and its affiliates may from time to time engage in transactions involving the Underlying for their proprietary accounts and for accounts under their management. Such transactions may have a positive or negative effect on the value of the Underlying and consequently upon the value of the Securities. As used in this section "Conflicts of Interest", references to the Underlying shall be deemed to include any of its constituents, if applicable.

2. Acting in other Capacities

The Issuer and its affiliates may from time to time act in other capacities with regard to the Securities, such as calculation agent, agent and/or index sponsor. Such functions can allow the Issuer to determine the composition of the Underlying or to calculate its value, which could raise conflicts of interest where securities or other assets issued by the Issuer itself or a group company can be chosen to be part of the Underlying, or where the Issuer maintains a business relationship with the issuer of such securities or assets.

3. Issuing of other Derivative Instruments in respect of the Underlying

The Issuer and its affiliates may issue other derivative instruments in respect of the Underlying and the introduction of such competing products into the marketplace may affect the value of the Securities.

4. Conducting of Hedging Transactions

The Issuer may use all or some of the proceeds received from the sale of the Securities to enter into hedging transactions. The Issuer believes that such hedging activity will under normal circumstances not have a material impact on the value of the Securities. However, it cannot be assured that the Issuer's hedging activities will not affect such value. The value of the Securities might in particular be affected by the liquidation of all or a portion of the hedging positions (a) at or about the time of the maturity or expiration of the Securities or (b), if the Securities provide for a knock-out, knock-in or a similar feature, at the time when the price or value of the Underlying approaches the relevant price or level for the knock-out, knock-in or other feature.

5. Issue Price

The issue price charged for the Securities can, in addition to loading charges, management or other fees charged, comprise a premium on the original mathematical ("fair") value of the Securities which is not visible to investors. Such premium is determined by the Issuer in its discretion and can differ from premiums charged by other issuers for comparable securities.

6. Market-Making for the Securities

The Issuer, or an agent on its behalf, may act as market-maker for the Securities. In such market-making, the Issuer or its agent will, to a large extent, determine the price of the Securities itself. The prices quoted by such market-maker will usually not correspond to the prices which would have formed without such market-making and in a liquid market.

Circumstances taken into account by the market-maker when setting the quoted bidoffer prices in the secondary market notably include the Securities' fair value, which, among other things, depends on the value of the Underlying, as well as a certain bidoffer spread targeted by the market-maker. The market-maker will in addition regularly take into account a loading charge originally raised for the Securities and any fees or costs which at maturity of the Securities are to be subtracted from the cash amount (including management, transaction or other fees charged on the basis of the Product Conditions). Furthermore, the prices quoted in the secondary market will be influenced, for example, by a premium on the Securities' original value contained in their issue price (see under 5. above), and by dividends paid or received by the Underlying, or its constituents, or other proceeds which, due to the Securities' design, are economically attributable to the Issuer.

The bid-offer spread for the Securities will be set by the market-maker based on supply and demand for the Securities and certain revenue considerations.

Certain costs, like for example management fees charged on the basis of the Product Conditions, are in many cases not taken out of the quoted prices on a consistent basis over the term of the Securities (pro rata temporis), but are subtracted from the Securities' fair value completely at an earlier point in time, as determined by the market-maker in its discretion. The same applies for a premium contained in the issue price and for dividends and other proceeds of the Underlying which, due to the Securities' design, are economically attributable to the Issuer, which often are not subtracted when the Underlying, or its constituents, are traded "ex dividend", but at an early stage of the Securities' term based on expected dividends for the entire term or a certain time span. The rate at which such costs are subtracted depends, *inter alia*, on the net flow back of Securities to the market-maker.

Subsequently, the prices quoted by the market-maker can substantially differ from the fair value of the Securities, or the value to be expected economically on the basis of the factors mentioned above, at the relevant time. In addition, the market-maker can at any time alter the methodology used to set the quoted prices, e. g. increase or decrease the bid-offer spread.

7. Market-Making for the Underlying

The Issuer may, in certain cases, act as a market-maker for the Underlying, which might in particular be the case when the Issuer has also issued the Underlying. By such market-making, the Issuer will, to a large extent, determine the price of the Underlying, and consequently influence the value of the Securities itself. The prices quoted by the Issuer in its market-making function will not always correspond to the prices which would have prevailed without such market-making and in a liquid market.

8. Acting as Underwriter or otherwise for the issuer of Underlying

The Issuer and its affiliates may also act as underwriter in connection with future offerings of the Underlying or may act as financial adviser to the issuer of an Underlying or in a commercial banking capacity for the issuer of an Underlying. Such activities could present certain conflicts of interest and may affect the value of the Securities.

9. Obtaining of Non-public Information

The Issuer and/or its affiliates may acquire non-public information with respect to the Underlying, and neither the Issuer nor any of its affiliates undertakes to disclose any such information to any Securityholder. In addition, one or more of the Issuer's affiliates may publish research reports with respect to the Underlying. Such activities could present conflicts of interest and may affect the value of the Securities.

III. GENERAL INFORMATION ON THE PROSPECTUS

A. FORM OF DOCUMENT – PUBLICATION

1. Form of Document

This document constitutes [Final Terms ("Final Terms") being a completed version of the related] [a] base prospectus (the "Base Prospectus") according to Art. 5 (IV) of the Prospectus Directive (Directive 2003/71/EC), as implemented by the relevant provisions of the EU member states, in connection with Regulation 809/2004 of the European Commission (in Germany section 6 of the Securities Prospectus Act (Wertpapierprospektgesetz — WpPG) dated 22 July 2005). As such, the Base Prospectus does not contain information which was not yet known at the time the Base Prospectus has been approved and which can only be determined at the time of the individual issue of securities under the Base Prospectus ("Final Terms").

For each issue of securities under the Base Prospectus, the Final Terms are presented in a way which repeats the information items contained in this document, filled out and amended by the relevant Final Terms.

2. Publication

The document was published in English. In addition, the Base Prospectus and the Final Terms, or the Summary and possibly other parts of both documents, may also have been published in other languages. Investors who wish to receive information in languages other than English should not only study the document containing a translation of the Summary of the Base Prospectus (and, where applicable, other parts of the Base Prospectus), but also refer to the translation of the Summary in the relevant Final Terms (and where applicable, other parts of the Final Terms).

The Base Prospectus, together with any translations thereof, or of the Summary section, has been published on the Issuer's website **(www.it.investmentproducts.db.com)**. In addition, the Base Prospectus and any documents incorporated by reference shall be available free of charge at the registered office of the Issuer Deutsche Bank AG, CIB, GME X-markets, Grosse Gallusstrasse 10-14, 60311 Frankfurt am Main, and its London branch, at Winchester House, 1 Great Winchester Street, London EC2N 2DB.

All Final Terms, together with any translations thereof, or of the Summary as amended by the relevant Final Terms, are published on the Issuer's website (www.it.investmentproducts.db.com). These documents are also available at the registered office of the Issuer.

The annual reports for 2004 and 2005 shall be produced on the Issuer's web-site (www.db.com). The annual reports for 2004 and 2005 are also included in the Registration Document of Deutsche Bank AG which is (i) incorporated by reference into this document and (ii) published on the web-site of the Issuer (www.db.com).

B. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROGRAMME

1. General Information

The Base Prospectus published by the Issuer contains information on securities from the 'Certificates' product category, and on a variety of individual product types within this category with differing economic conditions, which may be issued under the Base Prospectus (see section 3 below for an overview of the relevant securities).

A base prospectus does not generally contain all the information necessary for an investment decision, since the design of the respective security is not complete until immediately prior to the start of the offering, rather than on publication of the base prospectus. The base prospectus thus presents a summary of the design possibilities for the securities which may be issued under the respective base prospectus.

Investors who require information about a certain security type with certain economic conditions from the Base Prospectus will find the relevant information herein if they read the sections of the document that do not specify particular security types and economic conditions, and if, when reading the sections containing information on individual security types and economic conditions, they read only those parts relating to the security type and underlying economic conditions in question. The latter sections use square brackets to indicate those parts which only apply to certain security types and economic conditions. These sections begin with instructions in italics for the respective scope of application.

Before reading the Base Prospectus, investors should first examine the table of contents. This shows which sections contain general information and which contain specific information on certain security types and economic conditions, and indicates the page numbers on which each section begins.

No investment decision should be made until the final terms published for the relevant Securities have been read in detail.

2. Information on the Conditions of the Securities

The relevant rights under the securities which can be issued under the Base Prospectus are laid down in the respective **Conditions** of the Securities. These consist of the **Product Conditions**, which are individually designed for each security, and the **General Conditions**, which contain general rules relating to the securities covered by the Base Prospectus and which apply, in the version set out in the Base Prospectus, to all securities.

Within the **Product Conditions**, **Product Condition 1 – Definitions** – contains the definitions applicable for the entire Product Conditions. This section being a definitions section, it should be read only in connection with the other Product Conditions, i.e. wherever defined terms are used in such parts, the applicable definitions would be looked up in Product Condition 1. Investors should read only the definitions for the security type they are interested in and within such definitions only such parts which contain economic features which are found to be interesting (such parts are, as mentioned above, indicated by square brackets and instruction language).

Product Condition 2 – Form – contains the relevant rules with regard to the form and transferability of the Securities.

Product Condition 3 – Rights and Procedure – determines the right of the holder of the security under the security to receive – payment of a cash amount, interest and/or physical delivery of an asset. Furthermore Product Condition 3 contains rules on the exercise of the securities and if applicable the exercise procedure as well as further rules in connection with this or the right to receive payment or delivery. The Base

Prospectus contains different templates for Product Condition 3, which are applicable depending on the type of security (see below under 3a)) and economic features of each security (i.e. exercise type, exercise requirement type, settlement type, issuer redemption type, features, see below under 3b)). Investors should read only the templates applicable for the product type and the economic features, which they are interested in.

Product Condition 4 – Adjustment Provisions – contains rules relating to the occurence of a market disruption and relating to adjustments to the securities in case of the occurence of certain other events. The Base Prospectus contains different templates of Product Condition 4, relating to the type of underlying, to which the securities make reference; investors should read only the template applicable for the type of underlying which they are interested in.

Product Conditions 5 – Governing Law and Place of Jurisdiction – determines the governing law, which can be German or English law, as well as the jurisdiction.

3. Types and Categories of Securities and Economic Features Covered by the Base Prospectus

The categories and types of securities which may be issued under the Base Prospectus and as well as the economic features relating to them can be summarised as follows:

(a) Types and categories of Securities

The Base Prospectus covers:

Certificates:

- Single Underlying linked Certificates
- Single Underlying linked X-pert (perpetual) Certificates
- Basket linked Certificates
- Basket linked X-pert (perpetual) Certificates
- Single Underlying linked [Capped] Outperformance Certificates
- Basket linked [Capped] Outperformance Certificates
- Single Underlying linked Double Chance Certificates
- Basket linked Double Chance Certificates
- Single Underlying Best Chance Certificates
- Basket linked Best Chance Certificates
- Single Underlying Parachute Certificates
- Basket linked Parachute Certificates
- Single Underlying linked [Renewable Opportunity][Express] Certificates
- Basket linked [Renewable Opportunity][Express] Certificates
- Single Underlying linked Discount Certificates
- Basket linked Discount Certificates

- Single Underlying linked Bonus Certificates
- Basket linked Bonus Certificates

(b) Economic features

The Base Prospectus allows for variation depending on:

- (i) the issuer redemption type (issuer redemption right or not does the Issuer have the right to terminate the Securities early)
- (ii) the type of underlying asset (indices, shares, other securities, fund shares, commodities, foreign exchange rates, futures)
- (iii) variations with the product type relating to the calculation of the cash amount, valuation dates and other economic features.

C. DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

1. Documents Incorporated by Reference

The following documents shall be deemed to be incorporated in, and to form part of, this Prospectus:

- (a) The financial statements for the six months ended 30th June, 2006 of Deutsche Bank AG;
- (b) The Registration Document (English and German language versions) dated 15th May, 2006 of Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft, approved by Bundesanstalt fur Finanzdienstteisfungsaufsicht ("BaFin").

2. Cross Reference List

Specific items contained in "Documents Incorporated by Reference – (a) and (b)" Documents

2.1 Registration Document

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FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE ISSUER'S ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, FINANCIAL POSITION AND PROFITS AND LOSSES		

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	Page(s)	Page(s)
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Any other information contained in the documents incorporated by reference referred to in this Cross Reference List but not listed above, is incorporated by reference for information purposes only.

The documents specified above and incorporated by reference shall be available at the registered office of the Issuer and in Luxembourg at the Issuer's branch office, Deutsche Bank Luxembourg Branch, 2, Boulevard Konrad Adenauer, L–1115 Luxembourg or at the Issuer's agent in Luxembourg, Banque de Luxembourg, at 55, rue des Scillas, L–2529, Luxembourg.

The documents incorporated by reference shall also be available for viewing on the website of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange: www.bourse.lu.

D. GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Material Adverse Change in Deutsche Bank's Financial Position and Significant Change in Deutsche Bank's Financial or Trading Position

Save as disclosed herein (including the documents incorporated by reference) there has been no material adverse change in the prospects of Deutsche Bank since 31 December 2005, nor significant change in the financial or trading position of Deutsche Bank since 30 June 2006.

2. Post Issuance Information

The Issuer does not intend to provide any post-issuance information in relation to any assets underlying any issues of certificates under this programme.

3. Use of Proceeds

The net proceeds from the issue of any Securities under this document will be applied by the Issuer for its general corporate purposes. A substantial portion of the proceeds from the issue of certain Securities may be used to hedge market risk with respect to such Securities. If in respect of any particular issue, there is a particular identified use of proceeds, this will be stated in the applicable Final Terms.

IV. TERMS OF THE OFFER

1. Number of Securities

The actual number of Securities issued corresponds to the sum of all valid subscriptions or orders received by the Issuer.

2. The Subscription Period

Applications to subscribe for the Securities may be made from 15 January 2007 until the Primary Market End Date as described in the section titled "Country Specific Information" below, paragraph 2.

3. Cancellation of the Issuance of the Securities

The Issuer reserves the right for any reason to cancel the issuance of the Securities.

4. Early Closing of the Subscription of the Securities

In accordance with the section titled "Country Specific Information" below, in paragraph 2, the Issuer reserves the right for any reason to close the subscription period early.

5. Delivery of the Securities

The Securities will be delivered against payment of the Issue Price, in accordance with applicable law and any rules and procedures for the time being of any clearing agent through whose books any of the Securities are transferred. Investors purchasing Securities will receive delivery of them on the value date through an account with a financial institution that is a member of one of the respective clearing agents.

V. GENERAL INFORMATION

A. GENERAL TAXATION INFORMATION

1. Introduction

Purchasers and/or sellers of Securities may be required to pay stamp taxes and other charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country of transfer in addition to the issue price or purchase price of the Securities.

Transactions involving the Securities (including purchases, transfers, exercise or non-exercise or redemption, the accrual or receipt of any interest payable on the Securities and the death of a holder of any Securities) may have tax consequences for holders and potential purchasers which may depend, amongst other things, upon the tax status of the holder or potential purchaser and may relate to – amongst other taxes and duties – stamp duty, stamp duty reserve tax, income tax, corporation tax, trade tax, capital gains tax, withholding tax, solidarity surcharge and inheritance tax.

For more specific information on the tax consequences please see the appropriate Country Specific Information.

General Condition 6 (Taxation) in the General Conditions should also be considered carefully by all potential purchasers of any Securities.

Potential purchasers of Securities are advised to consult their own tax advisors as to the tax consequences of transactions involving the Securities.

2. Taxation in Luxembourg

The following summary is based on the laws presently in force in Luxembourg, though it is not intended to be, nor should it be construed to be, legal or tax advice. Prospective investors in the Securities should therefore consult their own professional advisers as to the effects of state, local or foreign laws, including Luxembourg tax law, to which they may be subject.

2.1 Non-resident Holders of Securities

Under Luxembourg general tax laws currently in force, there is no withholding tax on payments of principal, premium or interest made to non-residents holders of Securities, nor on accrued but unpaid interest in respect of the Securities, nor is any Luxembourg withholding tax payable upon redemption or repurchase of the Securities held by non-resident holders of Securities.

However, under the Luxembourg laws of 21 June 2005 (the Laws), implementing the Council Directive 2003/48/EC of 3 June 2003 on taxation of savings income in the form of interest payments and ratifying the treaties entered into by Luxembourg and certain dependent and associated territories of EU Member States (the Territories), payments of interest or similar income made or ascribed by a paying agent established in Luxembourg to or for the immediate benefit of an individual beneficial owner or a residual entity, as defined by the Laws, which are resident of, or established in, an EU Member State (other than Luxembourg) or one of the Territories will be subject to a withholding tax unless the relevant recipient has adequately instructed the relevant paying agent to provide details of the relevant payments of interest or similar income to the fiscal authorities of his/her/its country of residence or establishment, or, in the case of an individual beneficial owner, has provided a tax certificate issued by the fiscal authorities of his/her country of residence in the required format to the relevant paying agent. Where withholding tax is applied, it will be levied at a rate of 15% during the first three-year period starting 1 July 2005, at a rate of 20% for the subsequent three-year period and at a rate of 35% thereafter.

Responsibility for the withholding of the tax will be assumed by the Luxembourg paying agent. Payments of interest under the Securities coming within the scope of the Laws would at present be subject to withholding tax of 15%.

2.2 Resident Holders of Securities

Under Luxembourg general tax laws currently in force, there is no withholding tax on payments of principal, premium or interest made to Luxembourg resident holders of Securities, nor on accrued but unpaid interest in respect of Securities, nor is any Luxembourg withholding tax payable upon redemption or repurchase of Securities held by Luxembourg resident holders of Securities.

However, under the Luxembourg law of 23 December 2005 (the **Law**) payments of interest or similar income made or ascribed by a paying agent established in Luxembourg to or for the immediate benefit of an individual beneficial owner who is resident of Luxembourg will be subject to a withholding tax of 10%. Such withholding tax will be in full discharge of income tax if the beneficial owner is an individual acting in the course of the management of his/her private wealth. Responsibility for the withholding of the tax will be assumed by the Luxembourg paying agent. Payments of interest under the Securities coming within the scope of the Law would be subject to withholding tax of 10%.

3. Stamp Duty and Withholding Tax in Germany

The following paragraphs, which are intended as a general guide on stamp duty and withholding tax only, are based on current legislation and German tax authority practice. They summarise certain aspects of German taxation only which may be applicable to the Securities but do not purport to be a comprehensive description of all tax considerations which may be relevant to a decision to purchase, hold, transfer or redeem the Securities. In particular, this general summary does not consider any specific facts or circumstances that may apply to a particular purchaser. Potential purchasers of the Securities who are in any doubt about their tax position on purchase, ownership, transfer or exercise or non-exercise or redemption, as the case may be, of any Security should consult their own tax advisers.

The purchase or sale of a Security is not subject to stamp, value added or similar taxes or charges in Germany, regardless of the place of issuance, execution and delivery of the Security.

Payments in respect of interest (if any) made in respect of a Security to its holder if made by an Agent having its specified office in Germany or any other financial institution in Germany or if made by the Issuer from Germany may be subject to withholding tax. For a more detailed description of the German withholding tax position the appropriate Country Specific Information should be considered carefully.

4. Stamp Duty and Withholding Tax in the United Kingdom

The following paragraphs, which are intended as a general guide only, are based on current legislation and United Kingdom HM Revenue & Customs practice. They summarise certain aspects of United Kingdom taxation only and customs which may be applicable to the Securities but do not purport to be a comprehensive description of all tax considerations which may be relevant to a decision to purchase the Securities. In particular, this general summary does not consider any specific facts or circumstances that may apply to a particular purchaser. Potential purchasers of the Securities who are in any doubt about their tax position on purchase, ownership, transfer or exercise or non-exercise or redemption, as the case may be, of any Security should consult their own tax advisers.

A purchaser or a Security may be required to pay stamp taxes and other charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country of purchase in addition to the purchase price of such Security.

Potential purchasers of the Securities should note that the Global Security may constitute an instrument which is subject to United Kingdom stamp duty on issue by reference to the amount of the consideration paid or the value of the Security. However, the Global Security will be executed and delivered outside the United Kingdom and should not be brought into the United Kingdom save for the purposes of enforcement. So long as the Global Security is held outside the United Kingdom, it will not be necessary to pay United Kingdom stamp duty or interest or penalties in connection therewith. However, if the Global Security were brought into the United Kingdom (for example, for enforcement purposes), United Kingdom stamp duty may be required to be paid on the Global Security (subject to the availability of exemptions and reliefs). In addition, where the Global Security is executed outside the United Kingdom is subsequently brought into the United Kingdom and stamped, interest on the amount of the unpaid stamp duty will be payable in addition to the stamp duty in respect of the period from the expiry of 30 days from the date of execution of the Global Security to the date of stamping, unless the Global Security is stamped within 30 days of execution, in which case no interest is payable. No penalties are payable where the Global Security is executed outside the United Kingdom and subsequently brought into the United Kingdom and stamped, provided the Global Security is stamped within 30 days of being brought into the United Kingdom. If the Global Security is subject to United Kingdom stamp duty, it would be inadmissible in evidence in civil (as opposed to criminal) proceedings in an English court unless duly stamped. It should be noted however, that the United Kingdom HM Revenue & Customs have recently indicated that cash-settled warrants are not subject to stamp duty on issue. The Securities have some of the features of warrants (such as the requirement for there to be an exercise before any amounts become payable to holders). However, other features of the Securities are less warrant-like (such as the Issuer's right to redeem). It is possible that HM Revenue & Customs would be prepared to treat the Securities as warrants for stamp duty purposes, in which case they would not be stampable on issue.

The comments above relate to United Kingdom stamp duty on issue only.

Any interest payable on the Securities, any original issue discount in respect of the Securities and/or any proceeds on redemption or exercise of the Securities will not be subject to United Kingdom withholding tax.

B. GENERAL SELLING AND TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS

1. Introduction

The distribution of this document and the offering of the Securities in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. Persons into whose possession this document comes are required by the Issuer to inform themselves about and to observe any such restrictions.

2. United States of America

The Securities have not been, and will not be, registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and trading in the Securities has not been approved by the United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "CFTC") under the United States Commodity Exchange Act (the "Commodity Exchange Act"). Any offer or sale of the Securities must be made in a transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to Regulation S thereunder. No Securities, or interests therein, may at any time be offered, sold, resold or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person or to others for offer, sale, resale or delivery, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person. No Securities may be exercised or redeemed by or on behalf of a U.S. person or a person within the United States. As used herein, "United States" means the United States of America (including the States and the District of Columbia), its territories, its possessions and other areas subject to its jurisdiction; and "U.S. person" means either a U.S. person as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act or a person who does not come within the definition of a non-United States person under Rule 4.7 of the Commodity Exchange Act.

3. European Economic Area

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a **Relevant Member State**), with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State (the **Relevant Implementation Date**) the Securities have not been offered and will not be offered to the public in that Relevant Member State except, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, the Securities may be offered to the public in that Relevant Member State:

- (a) in (or in Germany, where the offer starts within) the period beginning on the date of publication of this Base Prospectus in relation to those Securities which has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant Member State or, where appropriate, approved in another Relevant Member State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant Member State, all in accordance with the Prospectus Directive and ending on the date which is 12 months after the date of such publication;
- to legal entities which are authorised or regulated to operate in the financial markets or, if not so authorised or regulated, whose corporate purpose is solely to invest in securities;
- (c) at any time to any legal entity which has two or more of (i) an average of at least 250 employees during the last financial year; (ii) a total balance sheet of more than €43,000,000 and (iii) an annual net turnover of more than €50,000,000, as shown in its last annual or consolidated accounts; or
- (d) in any other circumstances which do not require the publication by the Issuer of a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive.

(e) For the purposes of this provision, the expression "offer of Securities to the public" in relation to any Securities in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Securities to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Securities, insofar as a measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member State leads to a deviation, and the expression **Prospectus Directive** means Directive 2003/71/EC and includes any relevant implementing measure in each Relevant Member State.

4. United Kingdom

- 4.1 An invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("FSMA") may only be communicated or caused to be communicated in connection with the issue or sale of any Securities in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of the FSMA would, if the Issuer was not an authorised person, apply to the Issuer; and
- 4.2 all applicable provisions of the FSMA must be complied with in respect to anything carried out in relation to any Securities in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

VI. INFORMATION RELATING TO THE SECURITIES

A. PRODUCT CONDITIONS

These Product Conditions relate to the Securities and must be read in conjunction with, and are subject to, the General Conditions set out [•] of in this document. The Product Conditions and the General Conditions together constitute the Conditions of the Securities and will be attached to the Global Security representing the Securities.

1. Product Condition 1 – Definitions

Single Underlying Linked Express Certificate

"Affiliate" means any entity controlled, directly or indirectly, by the Issuer, any entity that controls, directly or indirectly, the Issuer, or any entity under common control with the Issuer. As used herein "control" means ownership of a majority of the voting power of the entity or, as the case may be, the Issuer and "controlled by" and "controls" shall be construed accordingly;

"Agent" means, subject to the provisions of General Condition 5, Deutsche Bank AG, acting through its principal office in Frankfurt am Main (the "Principal Agent") and through its branch office in London (Deutsche Bank AG London), (each an "Agent" and together the "Agents");

"Barrier Determination Amount" means, in relation to any day, an amount equal to the official closing level of the Underlying quoted by the Reference Source at such time on such day, as determined by the Calculation Agent, provided that, if a Market Disruption Event has occurred and is prevailing at such time on such day, no Barrier Determination Amount shall be calculated for such time;

"Barrier Determination Date" means 26 February 2008 (the "First Barrier Determination Date"), 26 February 2009 (the "Second Barrier Determination Date"), 26 February 2010 (the "Third Barrier Determination Date"), 26 February 2011 (the "Fourth Barrier Determination Date"). 26 February 2012 (the "Fifth Barrier Determination Date") and the Valuation Date (the "Final Barrier **Determination Date**") or, if any such day is not a Trading Day, the next following Trading Day unless, in the opinion of the Calculation Agent, a Market Disruption Event has occurred on such day. If there is a Market Disruption Event on such day, then that Barrier Determination Date shall be the first succeeding Trading Day on which there is no Market Disruption Event. If the first succeeding Trading Day on which there is no Market Disruption Event has not occurred by the eighth Trading Day immediately following the original date which, but for the occurrence of a Market Disruption Event, would have been that Barrier Determination Date, then (a) that eighth Trading Day shall be deemed to be that Barrier Determination Date and (b) the Calculation Agent shall determine the Barrier Determination Amount for that Barrier Determination Date by determining the price or level of the Underlying that would have prevailed but for the occurrence of a Market Disruption Event as of that eighth Trading Day having regard to the then prevailing market conditions, the last reported, published or traded level or price of the Underlying and, if applicable, of each asset included in the Underlying and such other factors as the Calculation Agent considers relevant;

"Barrier Level" means 100 per cent. of the Initial Reference Level, subject to adjustment in accordance with Product Condition 4;

"Business Day" means a day (other than a Saturday or Sunday) on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealings in foreign exchange and foreign currency

deposits) in London, Frankfurt am Main and a day on which each Clearing Agent is open for business and, for the purpose of making payments in euro, if applicable, a day on which the Trans-European Automated Real-Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer (TARGET) system is open;

"Calculation Agent" means the Issuer, subject to the provisions of General Condition 5;

"Cash Settlement Amount" means, with respect to each Security, an amount determined by the Calculation Agent as follows:

- if, in the determination of the Calculation Agent, on a Barrier Determination Date, the Barrier Determination Amount has been equal to or above the Barrier Level (such event a "Knock-Out Event"):
 - (1) if the Knock Out Event occurs in relation to the First Barrier Determination Date, EUR 1,060; or
 - (2) if the Knock Out Event occurs in relation to the Second Barrier Determination Date, EUR 1,120; or
 - (3) if the Knock Out Event occurs in relation to the Third Barrier Determination Date, EUR 1,180; or
 - (4) if the Knock Out Event occurs in relation to the Fourth Barrier Determination Date, EUR 1,240; or
 - (5) if the Knock Out Event occurs in relation to the Fifth Barrier Determination Date, EUR 1,300; or
 - (6) if the Knock Out Event occurs in relation to the Final Barrier Determination Date, EUR 1,360; or
- 2) if a Knock Out Event has not occurred:
 - (1) if, in the determination of the Calculation Agent, on the Valuation Date, the Barrier Determination Amount has been lower than the Determination Level:

an amount equal to the quotient of

- a) the product of (i) EUR 1,000 and (ii) the Final Reference Level (as numerator); and
- b) the Initial Reference Level (as denominator); or
- (2) if the provisions of (1) have not been satisfied, an amount equal to EUR 1,000.

The Cash Settlement Amount will be rounded to the nearest two decimal places in the Settlement Currency, 0.005 being rounded downwards;

"Clearing Agent" means Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., as operator for the Euroclear System, and such further or alternative clearing agent(s) or clearance system(s) as may be approved by the Issuer from time to time and notified to the Securityholders in accordance with General Condition 4 (each a "Clearing Agent" and together the "Clearing Agents");

"Determination Level" means 70 per cent. of the Initial Reference Level;

"Exercise Date" means 21 February 2013 or, if such day is not a Business Day, the first succeeding Business Day;

"Final Reference Level" means, subject to adjustment in accordance with Product Condition 4 and as provided in the definition of "Valuation Date", an amount equal to

the Reference Level on the Valuation Date as determined by the Calculation Agent and without regard to any subsequently published correction;

"Global Security" has the meaning ascribed thereto in Product Condition 2;

"Initial Reference Level" means, subject to adjustment in accordance with Product Condition 4 and as provided in the definition of "Initial Reference Valuation Date", an amount equal to the Reference Level on the Initial Reference Valuation Date as determined by the Calculation Agent and without regard to any subsequently published correction;

"Initial Reference Valuation Date" means 26 February 2007 or, if such day is not a Trading Day, the next following Trading Day unless, in the opinion of the Calculation Agent, a Market Disruption Event has occurred on such day. If there is a Market Disruption Event on such day, then the Initial Reference Valuation Date shall be the first succeeding Trading Day on which there is no Market Disruption Event. If the first succeeding Trading Day on which there is no Market Disruption Event has not occurred by the eighth Trading Day immediately following the original date which, but for the occurrence of a Market Disruption Event, would have been the Initial Reference Valuation Date, then (a) that eighth Trading Day shall be deemed to be the Initial Reference Valuation Date notwithstanding the Market Disruption Event and (b) the Calculation Agent shall determine the Initial Reference Level by determining the price or level of the Underlying that would have prevailed but for the occurrence of a Market Disruption Event as of that eighth Trading Day having regard to the then prevailing market conditions and/or the last reported, published or traded level or price of the Underlying and, in each case if applicable, of each asset included in the Underlying and such other factors as the Calculation Agent considers relevant;

"Issue Date" means 26 February 2007;

"Issuer" means Deutsche Bank AG, Frankfurt am Main;

"Market Disruption Event" means each event specified to be a Market Disruption Event in Product Condition 4:

"Multi-Exchange Index" means any Index specified as Multi-Exchange Index in the definition of "Underlying" or "Basket", as the case may be, in this Product Condition 1;

"Reference Level" means, in respect of any day and subject to adjustment in accordance with Product Condition 4, an amount (which shall be deemed to be a monetary value in the Settlement Currency) equal to the official closing level of the Underlying quoted by the Reference Source on such day, as determined by the Calculation Agent;

"Reference Source" means, in relation to the Underlying, the reference source or reference sources specified in the table under the definition of "Underlying" below, or any successor to any such reference source, acceptable to the Calculation Agent, as determined by the Calculation Agent;

"Securities" means up to 50,000 express certificates relating to the Underlying represented by the Global Security and each a "Security";

"Securityholder Expenses" means, in respect of a Security, all taxes, duties and/or expenses, including any applicable depository charges, transaction or exercise charges, stamp duty, stamp duty reserve tax, issue, registration, securities transfer and/or other taxes or duties, arising in connection with (i) the exercise of such Security and/or (ii) any payment and/or delivery due following exercise or otherwise in respect of such Security;

"Settlement" means cash settlement ("Cash Settlement");

"**Settlement Date**" means, in respect of a Security and the Exercise Date, the third Business Day following if a Knock-Out Event occurs, the relevant Barrier Determination Date; otherwise the Valuation Date;

"**Termination Date**" means, if a Knock-Out Event occurs, the relevant Barrier Determination Date, all as determined by the Calculation Agent;

"Trading Day" means

- if any Reference Source is an exchange, a trading system or a quotation system and the related Underlying or Basket Constituent is a Multi-Exchange Index, any day on which (i) the Index Sponsor is scheduled to publish the level of the Underlying and (ii) each Related Exchange for the Underlying (if specified and as defined in Product Condition 4) is scheduled to be open for trading for its regular trading session; and
- any Business Day other than a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets are closed in the country where any Reference Source which is not an exchange, trading system or quotation system is located;

"**Underlying**" means the following index of the Sponsor or issuer of the Underlying and with the Reference Source (if any) set out in the table below:

Type of Underlying	Name of Underlying	Sponsor or issuer of Underlying	Reference Source	Bloomberg Code
Index	Deutsche Bank Liquid Commodity Index – Mean Reversion	Deutsche Bank AG	In relation to each security or other asset constituting the Index, the primary exchange on which such security or other asset is listed or traded as determined by the Calculation Agent	DBLCMMCL <index></index>

"Valuation Date" means the Exercise Date, or, if such day is not a Trading Day, the next following Trading Day unless, in the opinion of the Calculation Agent, a Market Disruption Event has occurred on such day. If there is a Market Disruption Event on such day, then the Valuation Date shall be the first succeeding Trading Day on which there is no Market Disruption Event. If the first succeeding Trading Day on which there is no Market Disruption Event has not occurred by the eighth Trading Day immediately following the original date which, but for the occurrence of a Market Disruption Event, would have been the Valuation Date, then (a) that eighth Trading Day shall be deemed to be the Valuation Date notwithstanding the Market Disruption Event and (b) the Calculation Agent shall determine the Final Reference Level by determining the price or level of the Underlying that would have prevailed but for the occurrence of a Market Disruption Event as of that eighth Trading Day having regard to the then prevailing market conditions and/or the last reported, published or traded level or price of the Underlying and, in each case if applicable, of each asset included in the Underlying and such other factors as the Calculation Agent considers relevant.

Terms with initial capital letters which are not defined in these Product Conditions shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the General Conditions.

2. Product Condition 2 – Form

The Securities are represented by a global security (the "Global Security") which will, if deposited with a Clearing Agent in Germany, be in bearer form for the purposes of German law. The Global Security has been deposited with [Clearstream Banking AG, Neue Börsenstraße 1, 60487 Frankfurt am Main, Germany] [the Clearing Agent] . No definitive Securities will be issued.

The Securities are transferable in accordance with applicable law and any rules and procedures for the time being of any Clearing Agent through whose books such Securities are transferred.

The terms "Securityholders" and "holders of Securities" will be construed to mean those persons recognised as the legal owner of the Securities pursuant to German law.

3. Product Condition 3 – Rights and Procedures

Type: European Exercise: Automatic

Exercise Rights and Exercise Procedure

3.1. Exercise

Subject as provided in the Conditions, each Security will be exercised automatically on the Exercise Date or, if a Knock-Out Event occurs, on the Termination Date and the provisions of Product Condition 3.2 shall apply. The expressions "exercise", "due exercise" and related expressions shall be construed to apply to any Securities which are automatically exercised on the Exercise Date or, if a Knock-Out Event occurs, on the Termination Date in accordance with this provision. No Securityholder will be required to complete an Exercise Notice.

3.2. Settlement

Each Security entitles its holder to receive from the Issuer on the Settlement Date, the Cash Settlement Amount less any Securityholder Expenses.

The Issuer will be discharged of its payment obligations by payment to, or to the order of, the relevant Clearing Agent in respect of the amount so paid. Each of the persons shown in the records of a Clearing Agent as the holder of a particular number of the Securities must look solely to the relevant Clearing Agent for his share of each such payment so made by the Issuer to, or to the order of, the relevant Clearing Agent.

All payments will be subject in all cases to any fiscal or other laws and regulations applicable thereto in the place of payment and subject to the provisions of General Condition 6.

If a payment of any amount to be paid to a Securityholder, according to the rules of the relevant Clearing Agent, cannot be made in the Settlement Currency, such payment shall be made in the currency principally used by the relevant Clearing Agent for payments to holders holding accounts with such Clearing Agent, following a conversion of the relevant amount from the Settlement Currency, using the rate of exchange determined by the Calculation Agent by reference to such sources as the Calculation Agent may reasonably determine to be appropriate.

3.3. General

In the absence of gross negligence or wilful misconduct on its part, none of the Issuer, the Calculation Agent and any Agent shall have any responsibility for any errors or omissions in the calculation of any amount payable hereunder or in any other determination pursuant to the provisions hereof.

3.4 Securityholder Expenses

In respect of each Security, all Securityholder Expenses in respect thereof shall be for the account of the relevant Securityholder and where any Cash Settlement Amount and/or other amount in respect of a Security is payable no payment shall be made until all Securityholder Expenses in respect thereof have been paid to the satisfaction of the Issuer.

3.5 Exercise and Settlement Risk

Exercise and settlement of the Securities is subject to all applicable laws, regulations and practices in force at all relevant times, and neither the Issuer nor any Agent shall incur any liability whatsoever if it is unable to effect the transactions contemplated, after using all reasonable efforts, as a result of any such laws, regulations or

practices. Neither the Issuer nor the Agents shall under any circumstances be liable for any acts or defaults of any Clearing Agent in relation to the performance of its duties in relation to the Securities.

4. Product Condition 4 – Adjustment Provisions

4.1 Indices

4.1.1 Definitions

"Affiliate" is as defined in Product Condition 1;

"Exchange Business Day" means,

- (i) where the relevant Index is not a Multi-Exchange Index, any Trading Day on which each Reference Source and each Related Exchange are open for trading during their respective regular trading sessions, notwithstanding any such Reference Source or Related Exchange closing prior to its Scheduled Closing Time; and
- (ii) where the relevant Index is a Multi-Exchange Index, any Trading Day on which the relevant Index Sponsor publishes the level of the Index and the Related Exchange is open for trading during its regular trading session, notwithstanding the Reference Source or such Related Exchange closing prior to its Scheduled Closing Time;

"Hedging Party" means any party providing the Issuer directly or indirectly with a hedging arrangement;

"Index" means (i) the or, as the case may be, each index specified in the definition of "Underlying" or "Basket", as the case may be, in Product Condition 1 (each a "Principal Index") and (ii) any index included in any Principal Index (a "Sub-Index");

"Index Constituent" means any security or other asset or reference value (other than a Sub-Index) constituting an Index at a relevant time;

"Index Sponsor" means (i) in relation to a Principal Index, the sponsor specified for such Principal Index in the definition of "Underlying" or "Basket", as the case may be, in Product Condition 1 and (ii) in relation to a Sub-Index, the entity determined by the Calculation Agent to be principally responsible for the determination and publication of such Sub-Index, provided that, in either case all references to an Index Sponsor shall include any Successor Sponsor (as defined below);

"Multi-Exchange Index", if applicable, is as defined in Product Condition 1;

"Reference Currency" (i) in relation to a Principal Index, is as defined in Product Condition 1 or, if not defined in Product Condition 1, is the Settlement Currency and (ii) in relation to an Index Constituent or a Sub-Index, is the currency in which the Index Constituent or Sub-Index is denominated or quoted or with which it is most closely connected, as determined by the Calculation Agent;

"Reference Level" is as defined in Product Condition 1:

"Reference Source" (i) in relation to a Principal Index, is as defined in Product Condition 1 and (ii) in relation to any Sub-Index or Index Constituent, is the reference source or reference sources determined by the Calculation Agent to be applicable to the valuation of such Sub-Index or such Index Constituent, as the case may be, for the purposes of determining the Reference Level;

"Related Exchange" means unless otherwise defined in Product Condition 1, with respect to a commodity any exchange, trading system or quotation system on which option contracts or future contracts on such commodity are traded as determined by the Calculation Agent;

"Relevant Country" means each of:

- (i) any country (or any political or regulatory authority thereof) in which a Reference Currency or the Settlement Currency is the legal tender or currency; and
- (ii) any country (or any political or regulatory authority thereof) with which an Index or an Index Constituent has a material connection and, in determining what is material the Calculation Agent may, without limitation, refer to the country or countries in which the Index is calculated or published, the issuer of the Index Constituent is incorporated and/or such other factor(s) as it may deem appropriate,

all as determined by the Calculation Agent;

"Relevant Time" means with respect to an Index or an Index Constituent,

- (i) where the relevant Index is not a Multi-Exchange Index, the relevant time by reference to which the relevant Index Sponsor determines the price or value of such Index or such Index Constituent for the purposes of determining the Reference Level; and
- (ii) where the relevant Index is a Multi-Exchange Index,
 - (A) for the purposes of determining whether a Market Disruption Event has occurred,
 - (aa) in respect of any relevant Index Constituent, the Scheduled Closing Time (as defined below) on the relevant Reference Source in respect of such Index Constituent; and
 - (bb) in respect of any options contracts or futures contracts on or relating to such Index, the close of trading on the Related Exchange; and
 - (B) in all other circumstances, the time at which the official closing level of such Index is calculated and published by the relevant Index Sponsor;

"Scheduled Closing Time" means in respect of a Reference Source or Related Exchange and a Trading Day, the scheduled weekday closing time of such Reference Source or Related Exchange on such Trading Day without regard to after hours or any other trading outside of the regular trading session hours;

"Settlement Currency" is as defined in Product Condition 1; and

"Trading Day" is as defined in Product Condition 1.

Terms with initial capital letters which are not defined in this Product Condition 4 shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Product Condition 1.

4.1.2 Market Disruption

The Calculation Agent shall give notice as soon as practicable to the Securityholders in accordance with General Condition 4 if a Market Disruption Event has occurred on any date with respect to which the Calculation Agent would, but for the occurrence of a Market Disruption Event, have been required by the Product Conditions to determine the level of an Index.

"Market Disruption Event" means:

- 4.1.2.1 (A) where the relevant Index is not a Multi-Exchange Index, the failure of a relevant Reference Source or any Related Exchange to open for trading during its regular trading session on any Trading Day; or
 - (B) where the relevant Index is a Multi-Exchange Index,

- 4.1.2.1.1 the failure of the relevant Index Sponsor to publish the level of the Index; or
- 4.1.2.1.2 the failure of the Related Exchange to open for trading during its regular trading session,

on any Trading Day; or

- 4.1.2.2 the occurrence or existence on any Trading Day at the Relevant Time for the relevant Index or at any time during the one hour period that ends at the Relevant Time for such Index:
 - (A) of any suspension of or limitation imposed on trading by any relevant Reference Source(s) or Related Exchange(s) or otherwise and whether by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the relevant Reference Source(s) or Related Exchange(s) or otherwise:
 - 4.1.2.2.1 relating to Index Constituents that comprise 20 per cent. or more of the level of the relevant Index; or
 - 4.1.2.2.2 in any options contracts or futures contracts on or relating to the relevant Index;
 - (B) of any event (other than an event as described in 4.1.2.3 below) that disrupts or impairs (as determined by the Calculation Agent) the ability of market participants in general (i) to effect transactions in relation to, or to obtain market values for the relevant Index Constituents that comprise 20 per cent. or more of the level of the relevant Index on the relevant Reference Source(s) or (ii) to effect transactions in, or to obtain market values for, options contracts or futures contracts on or relating to a relevant Index on any Related Exchange(s) for such Index or such Index Constituent, as the case may be; or
- the closure on any Exchange Business Day of any relevant Reference Source(s) relating to Index Constituents that comprise 20 per cent. or more of the level of the relevant Index, or any Related Exchange(s) prior to its Scheduled Closing Time unless such earlier closing time is announced by such Reference Source(s) or Related Exchange(s), as the case may be, at least one hour prior to the earlier of (aa) the actual closing time for the regular trading session on such Reference Source(s) or Related Exchange(s) on such Exchange Business Day and (bb) the submission deadline (if applicable) for orders to be entered into the Reference Source or Related Exchange system for execution at the Relevant Time on such Exchange Business Day.

For the purposes of determining whether a Market Disruption Event pursuant to Product Condition 4.1.2.2 and/or 4.1.2.3 exists in respect of a relevant Index Constituent at any time, if a Market Disruption Event occurs in respect of such Index Constituent at that time, then the relevant percentage contribution of that Index Constituent to the level of such Index shall be based on a comparison of (x) the portion of the level of such Index attributable to that Index Constituent to (y) the overall level of such Index, in each case immediately before the occurrence of such Market Disruption Event or if the relevant Index is a Multi-Exchange Index, using official opening weightings as published by the relevant Index Sponsor as part of the market "opening data"; or

4.1.2.4 a general moratorium is declared in respect of banking activities in any Relevant Country;

if, in the determination of the Calculation Agent, any of the foregoing is material and in determining what is "material" the Calculation Agent may have regard to such circumstances as it in its reasonable discretion deems appropriate, including any hedging arrangements of the Issuer and/or any of its Affiliates and/or any Hedging Party in relation to the Securities.

4.1.3 Adjustments to the Index

The Calculation Agent shall give notice as soon as practicable to the Securityholders in accordance with General Condition 4 of any determination made by it pursuant to paragraph 4.1.3.1 or 4.1.3.2 below.

4.1.3.1 If an Index is:

- 4.1.3.1.1. not calculated and announced by the relevant Index Sponsor but is calculated and published by a successor sponsor (the "Successor Sponsor") acceptable to the Calculation Agent; or
- 4.1.3.1.2. replaced by a successor index using, in the determination of the Calculation Agent, the same or a substantially similar formula for and method of calculation as used in the calculation of the Index.

then in each case that Index will be deemed to be the index so calculated and announced by such Successor Sponsor or that successor index, as the case may be.

4.1.3.2 If:

4.1.3.2.1 on or prior to any date with respect to which the Calculation Agent is required by the Product Conditions to determine the level of an Index, the relevant Index Sponsor or, if applicable, the Successor Sponsor (i) makes or announces that it will make a material change in the formula for or the method of calculating that Index or in any other way materially modifies that Index (other than a modification prescribed in that formula or method to maintain that Index in the event of changes in constituent stock and capitalisation and other routine events) (an "Index Modification") or (ii) permanently cancels that Index (an "Index Cancellation") or (iii) fails to calculate and announce that Index (an "Index Disruption") and, in each case, Product Condition 4.1.3.1.1 or 4.1.3.1.2 does not apply,

then the Issuer may take any action described in 4.1.3.2.2 or 4.1.3.2.3 below:

- 4.1.3.2.2 require the Calculation Agent to determine the level of that Index on that date using, in lieu of a published level for that Index, the level for that Index as at that date as determined by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the formula for and method of calculating that Index last in effect prior to the Index Modification, Index Cancellation or Index Disruption but using only those Index Constituents that comprised that Index immediately prior to the Index Modification, Index Cancellation or Index Disruption; or
- 4.1.3.2.3 cancel the Securities by giving notice to Securityholders in accordance with General Condition 4. If the Securities are so cancelled, the Issuer will pay an amount to each Securityholder in respect of each Security held by such Securityholder which amount shall be the fair market value of a Security taking into account the Index Modification, Index Cancellation or Index

Disruption, as the case may be, less the direct or indirect cost to the Issuer and/or any of its Affiliates of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Calculation Agent in its reasonable discretion. Payment will be made in such manner as shall be notified to the Securityholders in accordance with General Condition 4.

Where provisions for the calculation of an Index are set out in "Information Relating to the Underlying Asset" attached hereto then, for the avoidance of doubt, all the provisions set out in such sections are an integral part of how such Index is calculated and no calculation of such Index pursuant to any such provisions (including, but not limited to, any change in any Applicable Percentage or any operation of the provisions, if any, set out therein) will constitute an Index Modification as referred to above in Product Condition 4.1.3.2.1 or necessitate any determination by the Calculation Agent pursuant to this Product Condition 4.1.3.2.

4.1.3.3. The Calculation Agent shall, as soon as practicable after receipt of any written request to do so, advise a Securityholder of any determination made by it pursuant to this Product Condition 4 which occurs on or before the date of receipt of such request. The Calculation Agent shall make available for inspection by Securityholders copies of any such determinations.

4.1.4. Additional Disruption Events

- 4.1.4.1 Without prejudice to Product Condition 4.1.2 or General Condition 2, following the declaration by the Issuer of the occurrence of any Additional Disruption Event and provided that such Additional Disruption Event has an effect on the Issuer and/or any of its Affiliates in connection with (i) obligations of the Issuer under the Securities and/or (ii) any related hedging arrangements, the Issuer may take any one of the following actions:
 - 4.1.4.1.1 require the Calculation Agent to determine the appropriate adjustment, if any, to be made to any one or more of the Conditions to account for the Additional Disruption Event and determine the effective date of that adjustment. Without limitation, such adjustment may take into account and pass on to the Securityholder(s) any increased direct or indirect cost to the Issuer and or/any of its Affiliates as a result of or in connection with the relevant Additional Disruption Event; or
 - 4.1.4.1.2 cancel the Securities by giving notice to Securityholders in accordance with General Condition 4. If the Securities are so cancelled, the Issuer will pay an amount to each Securityholder in respect of each Security held by such Securityholder which amount shall be the fair market value of a Security taking into account the Additional Disruption Event less the direct or indirect cost to the Issuer and/or any of its Affiliates of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Calculation Agent in its reasonable discretion. Payment will be made in such manner as shall be notified to the Securityholders in accordance with General Condition 4.

4.1.4.2 "Additional Disruption Event" means any of the following:

4.1.4.2.1 the Issuer determines that (i) due to the adoption of or any change in any applicable law or regulation (including without

limitation, any tax law), or (ii) due to the promulgation of or any change in the interpretation by any court, tribunal or regulatory authority with competent jurisdiction of any applicable law or regulation (including any action taken by a taxing authority), (A) it has or will become illegal or impractical for the Issuer and/or any of its Affiliates and/or any Hedging Party to hold, acquire or dispose of any arrangement(s), transaction(s) or asset(s) it deems necessary to hedge the risks of the Issuer entering into and performing its obligations with respect to the Securities or (B) the Issuer and/or any of its Affiliates has or will incur a materially increased direct or indirect cost in performing its obligations under the Securities and/or any related hedging arrangements (including, without limitation, due to any increase in tax liability, decrease in tax benefits or other adverse effect on the tax position of the Issuer and/or any of its Affiliates and/or any Hedging Party); or

- 4.1.4.2.2 the Issuer determines that it and/or any of its Affiliates and/or any Hedging Party is unable, after using commercially reasonable efforts, to (A) acquire, establish, re-establish, substitute, maintain, unwind or dispose of any arrangement(s), transaction(s) or asset(s) it deems necessary to hedge the risks of the Issuer entering into and performing its obligations with respect to the Securities, or (B) realise, recover or remit the proceeds of any such arrangement(s), transaction(s) or asset(s); or
- 4.1.4.2.3 the Issuer determines that it and/or any its Affiliates and/or any Hedging Party has or would incur a materially increased amount of tax, duty, expense or fee (other than brokerage commissions) to (A) acquire, establish, re-establish, substitute, maintain, unwind or dispose of any arrangement(s), transaction(s) or asset(s) it deems necessary to hedge the risks of the Issuer entering into and performing its obligations with respect to the Securities or (B) realise, recover or remit the proceeds of any such arrangement(s), transaction(s) or asset(s); or
- 4.1.4.2.4 (i) the Issuer determines, at any time, that a Market Disruption Event pursuant to Product Condition 4.1.2.4 and/or (if specified) Product Condition 4.1.2.5 and/or 4.1.2.6 has existed for eight or more Trading Days and continues to exist and that any alternative valuation methods provided for in the Product Conditions would, in the determination of the Issuer, not be appropriate for the purposes of making the relevant calculation; and
 - (ii) the Issuer then elects to treat such Market Disruption Event as an Additional Disruption Event.

5. Product Condition 5 – Governing Law and Place of Jurisdiction

The Securities are governed by and shall be construed in accordance with German law. The place of jurisdiction for all proceedings arising from matters provided for in these Conditions of the Securities shall, to the extent legally permitted, be Frankfurt am Main.

B. GENERAL CONDITIONS

These General Conditions relate to the Securities and must be read in conjunction with, and are subject to, the Product Conditions set out in this document. The Product Conditions and the General Conditions together constitute the Conditions of the Securities and will be attached to the Global Security representing the Securities.

1. Status of the Securities

The Securities constitute unsubordinated, unsecured contractual obligations of the Issuer and rank *pari passu* in all respects with each other.

2. Early Exercise, Redemption or Termination for Extraordinary Reasons, Illegality and Force Majeure

If the Issuer determines that, for reasons beyond its control, the performance of its obligations under the Securities has become illegal or impractical in whole or in part for any reason, or the Issuer determines that, for reasons beyond its control, it is no longer legal or practical for it to maintain its hedging arrangements with respect to the Securities for any reason, the Issuer may at its discretion and without obligation deem exercised, redeem or terminate the Securities early by giving notice to the Securityholders in accordance with General Condition 4.

Should any one or more of the provisions contained in the Conditions be or become invalid, the validity of the remaining provisions shall not in any way be affected thereby.

If the Issuer exercises, redeems or terminates the Securities early, then the Issuer will, if and to the extent permitted by applicable law, pay an amount to each Securityholder in respect of each Security held by such holder equal to the fair market value of a Security notwithstanding such illegality or impracticality less the cost to the Issuer of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Calculation Agent in its reasonable discretion. Payment will be made in such manner as shall be notified to the Securityholders in accordance with General Condition 4.

3. Purchases

The Issuer may, but is not obliged to, at any time purchase Securities at any price in the open market or by tender or private agreement. Any Securities so purchased may be held or resold or surrendered for cancellation.

4. Notices

4.1 Validity

Notices to the Securityholders will be valid if delivered to the Clearing Agent(s) for communication by the Clearing Agent(s) to the Securityholders provided that so long as the Securities are listed on any stock exchange or publicly offered in any jurisdiction, any notice to the Securityholders shall be published in accordance with the rules and regulations of each such stock exchange and each such jurisdiction. In the Federal Republic of Germany it is expected that any notices to the Securityholders will normally be published in the Börsen-Zeitung.

4.2 Delivery

Notices given pursuant to 4.1 above will become effective on, if delivered to the Clearing Agent(s), the third day after such delivery to the Clearing Agent or all the Clearing Agents (if more than one) or, if published (whether or not also so given), on the date of such publication, or, if published more than once, on the date of the first

such publication or, if required to be published in more than one newspaper, on the date of the first such publication in all the required newspapers.

5. Agents, Calculation Agent, Determinations and Modifications

5.1 Agents

The Issuer reserves the right at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of any Agent and to appoint additional Agents, provided that no termination of appointment of the Principal Agent shall become effective until a replacement Principal Agent shall have been appointed and provided that, if and to the extent that any of the Securities are listed on any stock exchange or publicly offered in any jurisdiction, there shall be an Agent having a specified office in each country if so required by the rules and regulations of each such stock exchange and the securities regulators in each such jurisdiction. Notice of any appointment, or termination of appointment, or any change in the specified office, of any Agent will be given to Securityholders in accordance with General Condition 4. Each Agent acts solely as agent of the Issuer and does not assume any obligation or duty to, or any relationship of agency or trust for or with, the Securityholders. Any calculations or determinations in respect of the Securities made by an Agent shall (save in the case of manifest error) be final, conclusive and binding on the Securityholders.

5.2 Calculation Agent

The Issuer shall undertake the duties of calculation agent (the "Calculation Agent" which expression shall include any successor calculation agent) in respect of the Securities unless the Issuer decides to appoint a successor Calculation Agent in accordance with the provisions below.

The Issuer reserves the right at any time to appoint another institution as the Calculation Agent, provided that no termination of appointment of the existing Calculation Agent shall become effective until a replacement Calculation Agent shall have been appointed. Notice of any such termination or appointment will be given to the Securityholders in accordance with General Condition 4.

The Calculation Agent (except where it is the Issuer) acts solely as agent of the Issuer and does not assume any obligation or duty to, or any relationship of agency or trust for or with, the Securityholders. Any calculations or determinations in respect of the Securities made by the Calculation Agent shall (save in the case of manifest error) be final, conclusive and binding on the Securityholders.

The Calculation Agent may, with the consent of the Issuer, delegate any of its obligations and functions to a third party as it deems appropriate.

5.3 Determinations by the Issuer

Any determination made by the Issuer pursuant to the Conditions shall (save in the case of manifest error) be final, conclusive and binding on the Securityholders.

5.4 Modifications

The Issuer may, to the extent permitted by applicable law, modify the Conditions without the consent of the Securityholders or any of them in any manner which the Issuer may deem reasonably necessary in order to maintain or preserve the intended commercial purpose of the Conditions if such modification does not materially adversely affect the interests of the Securityholders or is of a formal, minor or technical nature or intended to correct a manifest error or to cure, correct or supplement any defective provision contained therein. Notice of any such modification will be given to the Securityholders in accordance with General Condition 4 but failure to give, or non-receipt of, such notice will not affect the validity of any such modification.

6. Taxation

In relation to each Security the relevant Securityholder shall pay all Securityholder Expenses as provided in the Product Conditions. All payments or, as the case may be, deliveries in respect of the Securities will be subject in all cases to all applicable fiscal and other laws and regulations (including, where applicable, laws requiring the deduction or withholding for, or on account of, any tax, duty or other charge whatsoever). The Issuer shall not be liable for or otherwise obliged to pay, and the relevant Securityholder shall be liable for and/or pay, any tax, duty, charge, withholding or other payment whatsoever which may arise as a result of, or in connection with, the ownership, any transfer, any payment and/or any delivery in respect of the Securities held by such Securityholder. The Issuer shall have the right, but shall not be obliged, to withhold or deduct from any amount payable or, as the case may be, any delivery due to the Securityholder such amount or portion as shall be necessary to account for or to pay any such tax, duty, charge, withholding or other payment. Each Securityholder shall indemnify the Issuer against any loss, cost or other liability whatsoever sustained or incurred by the Issuer in respect of any such tax, duty, charge, withholding or other payment as referred to above in respect of the Securities of such holder.

7. Further Issues

The Issuer shall be at liberty from time to time without the consent of Securityholders or any of them to create and issue further securities so as to be consolidated and form a single series with the Securities.

8. Substitution

8.1 Substitution of Issuer

The Issuer, or any previous substituted company, may at any time, without the consent of the Securityholders substitute for itself as principal obligor under the Securities any company (the "**Substitute**"), being any subsidiary or affiliate of the Issuer, subject to:

- (a) the obligations of the Substitute under the Securities being guaranteed by Deutsche Bank AG (unless it is the Substitute);
- (b) all actions, conditions and things required to be taken, fulfilled and done (including the obtaining of any necessary consents) to ensure that the Securities represent legal, valid and binding obligations of the Substitute having been taken, fulfilled and done and being in full force and effect;
- (c) the Issuer shall have given at least 30 days' prior notice of the date of such substitution to the Securityholders in accordance with General Condition 4.

In the event of any substitution of the Issuer, any reference in the Conditions to the Issuer shall henceforth be construed as a reference to the Substitute.

8.2 Substitution of Office

The Issuer shall have the right upon notice to Securityholders in accordance with General Condition 4 to change the office through which it is acting for the purpose of the Securities, the date of such change to be specified in such notice provided that no change can take place prior to the giving of such notice.

9. Replacement of Securities

Should any Security be lost, stolen, mutilated, defaced or destroyed, it may be replaced at the specified office of the Principal Agent (or such other place of which notice shall have been given in accordance with General Condition 4) upon payment by the claimant of the expenses incurred in connection therewith and on such terms

as to evidence and as to indemnity as the Issuer may reasonably require. Mutilated or defaced Securities must be surrendered before replacements will be issued

10. Adjustments for European Monetary Union

10.1 Redenomination

The Issuer may, without the consent of the Securityholders, on giving notice to the Securityholders in accordance with General Condition 4 elect that, with effect from the Adjustment Date specified in the notice, certain terms of the Securities shall be redenominated in euro;

The election will have effect as follows:

- where the Settlement Currency is the National Currency Unit of a country which is participating in the third stage of European Economic and Monetary Union, whether as from 1999 or after such date, such Settlement Currency shall be deemed to be an amount of euro converted from the original Settlement Currency into euro at the Established Rate, subject to such provisions (if any) as to rounding as the Issuer may decide and as may be specified in the notice, and after the Adjustment Date, all payments in respect of the Securities will be made solely in euro as though references in the Securities to the Settlement Currency were to euro;
- (b) where the Conditions contain a rate of exchange or any of the Conditions are expressed in a currency (the "**Original Currency**") of a country which is participating in the third stage of European Economic and Monetary Union, whether as from 1999 or after such date, such rate of exchange and/or any other terms of the Conditions shall be deemed to be expressed in or, in the case of a rate of exchange, converted for or, as the case may be into, euro at the Established Rate; and
- (c) such other changes shall be made to the Conditions as the Issuer may decide to conform them to conventions then applicable to instruments expressed in euro.

10.2 Adjustment to Conditions

The Issuer may, without the consent of the Securityholders, on giving notice to the Securityholders in accordance with General Condition 4 make such adjustments to the Conditions as the Issuer may determine to be appropriate to account for the effect of the third stage of European Economic and Monetary Union pursuant to the Treaty on the Conditions.

10.3 Euro Conversion Costs, etc.

Notwithstanding Condition 10.1 and/or Condition 10.2, none of the Issuer, the Calculation Agent and any Agent shall be liable to any Securityholder or other person for any commissions, costs, losses or expenses in relation to or resulting from the transfer of euro or any currency conversion or rounding effected in connection therewith.

10.4 Definitions

In this General Condition, the following expressions have the following meanings:

"Adjustment Date" means a date specified by the Issuer in the notice given to the Securityholders pursuant to this Condition which falls, if the currency is that of a country not initially participating in the third stage of European Economic and Monetary Union pursuant to the Treaty, on or after such later date as such country does so participate;

"Established Rate" means the rate for the conversion of the Original Currency (including compliance with rules relating to rounding in accordance with applicable European Community regulations) into euro established by the Council of the European Union pursuant to the first sentence of Article 123(4), formerly 109 I (4) of the Treaty;

"National Currency Unit" means the unit of the currency of a country, as those units are defined on the day before the start of the third stage of European Economic and Monetary Union or, in connection with the expansion of such third stage, to any country which has not initially participated in such third stage;

"Treaty" means the treaty establishing the European Community.

11. Definitions

Terms in capitals which are not defined in these General Conditions shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Product Conditions.

DBLCI-MRTM and Deutsche Bank Liquid Commodity Index - Mean ReversionTM are Trade Marks of Deutsche Bank AG and are the subject of Community Trade Mark Application Nos. 3055092 and 3054426. Trade Mark applications in the USA are pending. Any use of these marks must be with the consent of or under licence from the Index Sponsor (as defined below).

GENERAL

The Deutsche Bank Liquid Commodity Index – Mean Reversion (the "DBLCI-MR") is intended to reflect the performance of certain commodities. The commodities comprising the DBLCI-MR are Crude Oil, Heating Oil, Aluminium, Gold, Corn and Wheat (each an "Index Commodity"). The sponsor of the DBLCI-MR (the "Index Sponsor") is Deutsche Bank AG London.

A closing level for the DBLCI-MR will be calculated by the Index Sponsor on an "excess return" basis (see paragraph 3 (Excess Return Calculation) below) and a "total return" basis (see paragraph 4 (Total Return Calculation) below). Both Closing Levels will be published by the Index Sponsor (see paragraph 15 (Publication of Closing Levels and Adjustments) below) as soon as reasonably practicable after the Index Valuation Time (as defined below) on each Index Business Day, subject as provided in paragraph 12 (Force Majeure) below. The Closing Levels are quoted in U.S. Dollars and in each FX Reference (see paragraph 4 (Total Return Calculation) below).

Unless otherwise defined, terms used in this Description of the DBLCI-MR will have the meanings given them in paragraph 5 (Closing Prices), paragraph 6 (Exchange Instruments), paragraph 7 (ER Calculation Values), paragraph 8 (Recomposition Periods) or paragraph 9 (Rebalancing), as the case may be, below.

For the purposes of this Description:

"Aluminium" means high grade primary Aluminium.

"Crude Oil" means West Texas Intermediate light sweet crude oil.

"Heating Oil" means New York Harbour no. 2 heating oil.

"Index Business Day" means a day (other than a Saturday or Sunday) on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealings in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in New York City.

"Index Valuation Time" means 11.00 pm (London time) on each Index Business Day or, if the publication time of any Closing Price is amended, such other time as the Index Sponsor may determine and announce to be the Index Valuation Time for the DBLCI-MR.

INDEX COMPOSITION

The DBLCI-MR is composed of notional amounts of each of the Index Commodities. Both the ER Closing Level and the TR Closing Level (each as defined below) are calculated by the Index Sponsor on the basis of closing prices for certain Exchange Traded Instruments relating to the relevant Index Commodity and applying such prices to the relevant notional amount.

The DBLCI-MR includes provisions that provide for the replacement of Exchange Traded Instruments as they approach maturity. Subject as provided in the definition of "Recomposition Period", this replacement takes place over a period in order to lessen the impact on the market for such Index Commodity. Recomposition occurs monthly in the case of Exchange Traded Instruments relating to Crude Oil and Heating Oil and yearly in the case of Exchange Traded Instruments relating to Index Commodities other than Crude Oil and Heating Oil, in each case during a Recomposition Period.

A Rebalancing Date shall occur on any Index Business Date (other than an Index Business Day falling in a Recomposition Period) on which the Divergence Tick in respect of an Index Commodity is different from the Divergence Tick in respect of such Index Commodity on the immediately preceding Index Business Day or, if such immediately preceding Index Business Day falls in a Recomposition Period, on the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Recomposition Period. On each Rebalancing Date the Index is adjusted to rebalance its composition of Index Commodities as described in paragraph 9 (Rebalancing) below.

The composition of the DBLCI-MR may be adjusted in the event of an Index Disruption Event occurring (see paragraph 11 (Index Disruption Event) below).

The DBLCI-MR has been calculated back to a Base Date (the "Base Date") of 1st December, 1988. On the Base Date each of the ER Closing Level and the TR Closing Level was 100.

EXCESS RETURN CALCULATION

The closing level of the DBLCI-MR on an "excess return" basis (the "ER Closing Level") on each Index Business Day is calculated by the Index Sponsor as the sum of the ER Calculation Values for each Index Commodity for such Index Business Day and rounding the result to six decimal places with 0.0000005 being rounded upwards.

The ER Calculation Value in respect of each Index Commodity on an Index Business Day is determined (a) as provided in paragraph 7 (ER Calculation Values) or (b) where the relevant Index Business Day falls during a Recomposition Period for such Index Commodity, as provided in paragraph 8 (Recomposition Periods) or (c) where the relevant Index Business Day is a Rebalancing Date, as provided in paragraph 9 (Rebalancing). In each case, the

relevant Closing Prices in respect of the Index Commodities are determined as provided in paragraph 5 (Closing Prices) and the relevant Exchange Instruments to which the Closing Prices relate are determined as provided in paragraph 6 (Exchange Instruments).

The closing level of the DBLCI-MR calculated on an "excess return" basis (the "ER Closing Level") on each Index Business Day is calculated by the Index Sponsor

TOTAL RETURN CALCULATION

The closing level of the DBLCI-MR on a "total return" basis (the "TR Closing Level") is calculated by the Index Sponsor on each Index Business Day as the TR Closing Level on the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Index Business Day multiplied by the product of (i) the sum of (a) the ER Closing Level for such Index Business Day divided by the ER Closing Level for the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Index Business Day and (b) the TBill Accrual Factor for such Index Business Day; and (ii) the sum of (a) 1 and (b) the TBill Accrual Factor for such Index Business Day raised to the power of the number of days which are not Index Business Days during the period from (but excluding) the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Index Business Day to (but excluding) such Index Business Day.

expressed as a formula:

$$TR_d = TR_{d-1} \left(\frac{ER_d}{ER_{d-1}} + TBAF_d\right) (1 + TBAF_d)^n,$$

where:

"d" is the relevant Index Business Day;

 $"_{d-1}"$ is the Index Business Day immediately preceding the relevant Index Business Day;

"TR_d" is the TR Closing Level for the relevant Index Business Day;

"ER_d" is the ER Closing Level for the relevant Index Business Day;

"TBAF $_d$ " is the TBill Accrual Factor (as defined below) for the relevant Index Business Day; and

"n" is the number of days that are not Index Business Days during the period from (but excluding) the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Index Business Day to (but excluding) such Index Business Day.

For the purposes of this paragraph:

"TBill Accrual Factor" means, in respect of an Index Business Day, an amount calculated by the Index Sponsor in accordance with the following formula:

(1 - 91/360 x TBR)^{-1/91} -1

where:

"TBR" means the closing three-month Treasury Bill rate appearing on Reuters Page US3MT = RR (or such page or service as may replace Reuters Page US3MT = RR for the purposes of displaying three-month Treasury Bill rates) in respect of the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Index Business Day (the "TBill Determination Date") or if such rate is not published in respect of the TBill Determination Date, the closing three-month Treasury Bill rate last published prior to the TBill Determination Date.

CLOSING PRICES

"Aluminium Closing Price" means, in respect of an Index Business Day, the closing price on LME of the relevant Exchange Instrument (determined as provided in paragraph 6 (Exchange Instruments)), re-expressed in U.S. Dollars per metric tonne of Aluminium, as published by LME for that Index Business Day or, if in the determination of the Index Sponsor such Index Business Day is not a Valid Date, the closing price on LME of the relevant Exchange Instrument (re-expressed as aforesaid) published by LME for the immediately preceding Valid Date, subject as provided in paragraph 11 (Index Disruption Event) and paragraph 12 (Force Majeure) above.

"CBOT" means the Board of Trade of the City of Chicago Inc., or its successor.

"Closing Level" means, in respect of an Index Business Day, each of the ER Closing Level and the TR Closing Level for such Index Business Day.

"Closing Price" means:

- (a) in respect of Crude Oil, the Crude Oil Closing Price;
- (b) in respect of Heating Oil, the Heating Oil Closing Price;
- (c) in respect of Aluminium, the Aluminium Closing Price;
- (d) in respect of Gold, the Gold Closing Price;
- (e) in respect of Corn, the Corn Closing Price; and
- (f) in respect of Wheat, the Wheat Closing Price.

"COMEX" means the Commodity Exchange Inc., New York or its successor.

"Corn Closing Price" means, in respect of an Index Business Day, the closing price on CBOT of the relevant Exchange Instrument (determined as provided in paragraph 6 (Exchange Instruments)), re-expressed in U.S. Dollars per U.S. bushel of corn, as published by CBOT for that Index Business Day or, if in the determination of the Index Sponsor such Index Business Day is not a Valid Date, the closing price on CBOT of the relevant Exchange Instrument (re-expressed as aforesaid) published by CBOT for the immediately preceding Valid Date, subject as provided in paragraph 11 (Index Disruption Event) and paragraph 12 (Force Majeure) above.

"Crude Oil Closing Price" means, in respect of an Index Business Day, the closing price on NYMEX of the relevant Exchange Instrument (determined as provided in paragraph 6 (Exchange Instruments)), expressed in U.S. Dollars per barrel of Crude Oil, as published by NYMEX for that Index Business Day or, if in the determination of the Index Sponsor such Index Business Day is not a Valid Date, the closing price on NYMEX of the relevant Exchange Instrument (expressed as aforesaid) published by NYMEX for the immediately preceding Valid Date, subject as provided in paragraph 11 (Index Disruption Event) and paragraph 12 (Force Majeure) above.

"Exchange" means:

- (a) in respect of Crude Oil, NYMEX;
- (b) in respect of Heating Oil, NYMEX;
- (c) in respect of Aluminium, LME;
- (d) in respect of Gold, COMEX;
- (e) in respect of Corn, CBOT; and
- (f) in respect of Wheat, CBOT.

"Exchange Business Day" means, in respect of an Index Commodity, a day that is (or, but for the occurrence of an Index Disruption Event or Force Majeure Event would have been) a trading day for such Index Commodity on the relevant Exchange.

"Gold Closing Price" means, in respect of an Index Business Day, the closing price on COMEX of the relevant Exchange Instrument (determined as provided in paragraph 6 (Exchange Instruments)), expressed in U.S. Dollars per troy ounce of gold, as published by COMEX for that Index Business Day or, if in the determination of the Index Sponsor such Index Business Day is not a Valid Date, the closing price on COMEX of the relevant Exchange Instrument (expressed as aforesaid) published by COMEX for the immediately preceding Valid Date, subject as provided in paragraph 11 (Index Disruption Event) and paragraph 12 (Force Majeure) above.

"Heating Oil Closing Price" means, in respect of an Index Business Day, the closing price on NYMEX of the relevant Exchange Instrument (determined as provided in paragraph 6 (Exchange Instruments)), re-expressed in U.S. Dollars per U.S. gallon of Heating Oil, as

published by NYMEX for that Index Business Day or, if in the determination of the Index Sponsor such Index Business Day is not a Valid Date, the closing price on NYMEX of the relevant Exchange Instrument (re-expressed as aforesaid) published by NYMEX for the immediately preceding Valid Date, subject as provided in paragraph 11 (Index Disruption Event) and paragraph 12 (Force Majeure) above.

"LME" means The London Metal Exchange Limited or its successor.

"NYMEX" means the New York Mercantile Exchange or its successor.

"Valid Date" means, in respect of an Index Commodity, a day which is an Exchange Business Day in respect of such Index Commodity and a day on which an Index Disruption Event in respect of such Index Commodity or a related Exchange Instrument does not occur.

"Wheat Closing Price" means, in respect of an Index Business Day, the closing price on CBOT of the relevant Exchange Instrument (determined as provided in paragraph 6 (Exchange Instruments)), re-expressed in U.S. Dollars per U.S. bushel of wheat of the grades deliverable in respect of the relevant Exchange Instrument in accordance with the rules of CBOT, as published by CBOT for that Index Business Day or, if in the determination of the Index Sponsor such Index Business Day is not a Valid Date, the closing price on CBOT of the relevant Exchange Instrument (re-expressed as aforesaid) published by CBOT for the immediately preceding Valid Date, subject as provided in paragraph 11 (Index Disruption Event) and paragraph 12 (Force Majeure) above.

EXCHANGE INSTRUMENTS

For the purposes of determining the relevant Exchange Instrument in respect of which a Closing Price is determined, the provisions of this paragraph shall apply. The relevant Exchange Instrument (the "Exchange Instrument"), in respect of an Index Business Day (the "Relevant Index Business Day" and the calendar month in which the Relevant Index Business Day falls, the "Relevant Month") is as follows:

- (a) in relation to Crude Oil and Heating Oil, an Exchange Traded Instrument with an expiry date falling in:
 - (i) in relation to the calculation of an Existing Instrument Value, a Rebalanced Existing Instrument Value or (on a Rebalancing Date only) a New Instrument Value where the Relevant Index Business Day occurs prior to or during a Recomposition Period in the Relevant Month, the Relevant Month:
 - (ii) in relation to the calculation of a New Instrument Value during a Recomposition Period, the calendar month immediately following the Relevant Month;
 - (iii) in relation to the calculation of an Existing Instrument Value or (on a Rebalancing Date only) a New Instrument Value where the Relevant Index Business Day occurs following a Recomposition Period in the Relevant Month, the calendar month immediately following the Relevant Month;

- (iv) in relation to the determination of a Closing Price on a Relevant Index Business Day for the purposes of determining a One Year Average, the calendar month immediately following the Relevant Month;
- in relation to the determination of a Closing Price for the purposes of determining a Five Year Average, where the Relevant Index Business Day occurs on or prior to the expiry date of the Close Exchange Traded Instrument, the Relevant Month; and
- (vi) in relation to the determination of a Closing Price for the purposes of determining a Five Year Average, where the Relevant Index Business Day occurs following the expiry date of the Close Exchange Traded Instrument, the calendar month immediately following the Relevant Month;
- (b) in relation to Aluminium, Gold, Corn and Wheat, an Exchange Traded Instrument with an expiry date falling in:
 - (i) where the Relevant Month is other than November, in relation to the calculation of an Existing Instrument Value or (on a Rebalancing Date only) a New Instrument Value, the immediately following month of December;
 - (ii) where the Relevant Month is November, in relation to the calculation of an Existing Instrument Value or a Rebalanced Existing Instrument Value or (on a Rebalancing Date only) a New Instrument Value where the Relevant Index Business Day occurs prior to or during the Recomposition Period in the Relevant Month, the immediately following month of December;
 - (iii) where the Relevant Month is November, in relation to the calculation of a New Instrument Value during a Recomposition Period, the month of December in the immediately following calendar year;
 - (iv) where the Relevant Month is November, in relation to the calculation of an Existing Instrument Value or (on a Rebalancing Date only) a New Instrument Value where the Relevant Index Business Day occurs following the Recomposition Period in the Relevant Month, the month of December in the immediately following calendar year;
 - in relation to the determination of a Closing Price for the purposes of determining a One Year Average, on any Index Business Day prior to the Recomposition Period, the immediately following month of December;
 - (vi) in relation to the determination of a Closing Price for the purposes of determining a One Year Average, on any Index Business Day during and after the Recomposition Period, the month of December in the immediately following calendar year;

- (vii) in relation to the determination of a Closing Price for the purposes of determining a Five Year Average, where the Relevant Month is other than December, the immediately following month of December; and
- (viii) in relation to the determination of a Closing Price for the purposes of determining a Five Year Average, where the Relevant Month is December, the month of December in the immediately following calendar year.

For the purposes of this Description,

"Close Exchange Traded Instrument" means, the Exchange Traded Instrument in relation to the relevant Index Commodity expiring in the Relevant Month; and

"Exchange Traded Instrument" means, in respect of an Index Commodity, an instrument for future delivery of that Index Commodity on a specified delivery date traded on the relevant Exchange.

ER CALCULATION VALUES

The ER Calculation Value in respect of any Index Commodity on any Index Business Day during a Recomposition Period for such Index Commodity is determined as provided in paragraph 8 (Recomposition Periods) and the ER Calculation Value in respect of each Index Commodity on any Rebalancing Date is determined as provided in paragraph 9 (Rebalancing).

Subject as provided in the previous paragraph, the ER Calculation Value in respect of each Index Commodity in relation to an Index Business Day is the product (the "Existing Instrument Value" for such Index Commodity for such Index Business Day) of (i) the Existing Instrument Amount for such Index Commodity for such Index Business Day and (ii) the Closing Price for such Index Commodity for such Index Business Day;

expressed as a formula:

EIA x CP

where:

"EIA" is the Existing Instrument Amount for the relevant Index Commodity for the relevant Index Business Day; and

"CP" is the Closing Price for the relevant Index Commodity for the relevant Index Business Day;

For the purposes of this paragraph:

"Existing Instrument Amount" means, subject as provided below, in respect of each Index Commodity and:

- (a) (i) in respect of the Base Date, the Initial Instrument Amount for such Index Commodity; and
 - (ii) in respect of each Index Business Day falling after the Base Date (other than the first Index Business Day falling after a Rebalancing Date or a Recomposition Period in relation to such Index Commodity), the Existing Instrument Amount for such Index Commodity for the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Index Business Day; and
- (b) in respect of the first Index Business Day falling after a Rebalancing Date or a Recomposition Period in relation to such Index Commodity, the New Instrument Amount for such Index Commodity for such Rebalancing Date or the final Index Business Day of such Recomposition Period, as the case may be, and as such term is defined in paragraph 8 (Recomposition Periods) or paragraph 9 (Rebalancing), as applicable.

"Initial Instrument Amount" means, in relation to an Index Commodity, the product of (a) the relevant Index Base Weight divided by the relevant Initial Price and (b) 100, in each case being the Existing Instrument Amount in respect of the relevant Index Commodity on the Base Date.

"Initial Price" means:

- (a) in respect of Crude Oil, USD15.61 (per barrel);
- (b) in respect of Heating Oil, USD0.4918 (per U.S. gallon);
- (c) in respect of Aluminium, USD2,300.25 (per metric tonne);
- (d) in respect of Gold, USD423.90 (per troy ounce);
- (e) in respect of Corn, USD2.5725 (per U.S. bushel); and
- (f) in respect of Wheat, USD4.16 (per U.S. bushel).

RECOMPOSITION PERIODS

The ER Calculation Value in respect of an Index Commodity in relation to each Index Business Day falling during a Recomposition Period in relation to such Index Commodity is the sum of (i) the product (the "Existing Instrument Value" for such Index Commodity for such Index Business Day) of (A) the Existing Instrument Amount for such Index Commodity for such Index Business Day and (B) the Closing Price for such Index Commodity for such Index Business Day and (ii) the product (the "New Instrument Value" for such Index

Commodity for such Index Business Day) of (A) the New Instrument Amount for such Index Commodity for such Index Business Day and (B) the Closing Price for such Index Commodity for such Index Business Day;

expressed as a formula:

where:

"EIA" is the Existing Instrument Amount for the relevant Index Commodity for the relevant Index Business Day;

"CP" is the Closing Price for the relevant Index Commodity for the relevant Index Business Day;

"NIA" is the New Instrument Amount for the relevant Index Commodity for the relevant Index Business Day; and

"CP" is the Closing Price for the relevant Index Commodity for the relevant Index Business Day.

For the purposes of this paragraph:

"Existing Instrument Amount" means, subject as provided below and in the definition of "Recomposition Period", in respect of each Index Commodity and:

- in respect of the first Index Business Day of a Recomposition Period, 80% of the Existing Instrument Amount for such Index Commodity for the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Index Business Day;
- (b) in respect of the second Index Business Day of a Recomposition Period, 75% of the Existing Instrument Amount for such Index Commodity for the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Index Business Day;
- (c) in respect of the third Index Business Day of a Recomposition Period, 2/3 of the Existing Instrument Amount for such Index Commodity for the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Index Business Day;
- (d) in respect of the fourth Index Business Day of a Recomposition Period, 50% of the Existing Instrument Amount for such Index Commodity for the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Index Business Day; and
- (e) in respect of the fifth Index Business Day of a Recomposition Period, zero,

Provided That if any Index Business Day in a Recomposition Period is not a Valid Date in respect of any Index Commodity, the Existing Instrument Amount in respect of such Index Commodity for such Index Business Day shall be 100% of the Existing Instrument Amount for such Index Commodity for the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Index Business Day.

"New Instrument Amount" means, in respect of each Index Commodity and subject as provided below, in respect of each Index Business Day in a Recomposition Period, the sum of (i)(A) the product of the Recomposition ER Closing Level and the New Instrument Percentage, in each case for such Index Business Day divided by (B) the Closing Price for such Index Commodity on such Index Business Day and (ii) the New Instrument Amount in respect of the Index Business Day (if any) in the relevant Recomposition Period immediately preceding such Index Business Day or, if none, zero;

expressed as a formula:

$$\frac{(RCL \times NIP)}{CP}$$
 + NIA

where:

"RCL" is the Recomposition ER Closing Level for the relevant Index Business Day;

"NIP" is the New Instrument Percentage for the relevant Index Business Day; and

"CP" is the Closing Price for such Index Commodity for the relevant Index Business Day;

"NIA" is the New Instrument Amount in respect of the Index Business Day (if any) in the relevant Recomposition Period immediately preceding the relevant Index Business Day or, if none, zero.

Provided That if any Index Business Day in a Recomposition Period is not a Valid Date in respect of any Index Commodity the New Instrument Amount in respect of such Index Commodity on such Index Business Day shall be 100% of the New Instrument Amount for such Index Commodity on the Index Business Day (if any) in the relevant Recomposition Period immediately preceding such Index Business Day or, if none, zero.

"New Instrument Percentage" means, subject as provided in the definition of "Recomposition Period":

- (a) in respect of the first Index Business Day of a Recomposition Period, 20% of the Existing Instrument Amount for such Index Commodity for the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Index Business Day;
- (b) in respect of the second Index Business Day of a Recomposition Period, 25% of the Existing Instrument Amount for such Index Commodity for the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Index Business Day;

- (c) in respect of the third Index Business Day of a Recomposition Period, ¹/₃ of the Existing Instrument Amount for such Index Commodity for the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Index Business Day;
- (d) in respect of the fourth Index Business Day of a Recomposition Period, 50% of the Existing Instrument Amount for such Index Commodity for the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Index Business Day; and
- (e) in respect of the fifth Index Business Day of a Recomposition Period, 100%.

"Recomposition ER Closing Level" means, in respect of each Index Business Day in a Recomposition Period, the product (the "Recomposed Existing Instrument Value" for such Index Business Day) of (i) the Existing Instrument Amount for such Index Commodity for the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Index Business Day and (ii) the Closing Price for such Index Commodity for such Index Business Day;

expressed as a formula:

EIA x CP

where:

"EIA" is the Existing Instrument Amount for the relevant Index Commodity for the Index Business Day immediately preceding the relevant Index Business Day;

"CP" is the Closing Price for the relevant Index Commodity for the relevant Index Business Day.

"Recomposition Period" means:

- (a) in respect of Crude Oil and Heating Oil, each period from (and including) the second Index Business Day in a month to (and including) the sixth Index Business Day in such month; and
- (b) in respect of Aluminium, Gold, Corn and Wheat, each period from (and including) the second Index Business Day in November to (and including) the sixth Index Business Day in such month,

Provided That if in respect of any Index Commodity (each a "Disrupted Recomposition Index Commodity") the last Index Business Day of a Recomposition Period is not a Valid Date, the Recomposition Period for such Disrupted Recomposition Index Commodity only, subject to paragraph 11 (Index Disruption Event), shall be extended to and including the next occurring Valid Date for such Disrupted Recomposition Index Commodity. In the event that a Recomposition Period in respect of an Index Commodity is extended as provided above, the Existing Instrument Amount and the New Instrument Percentage for such Index Commodity

for the final Valid Date in such Recomposition Period shall be zero and 100 per cent., respectively.

REBALANCING

If the Divergence Tick in respect of an Index Commodity on any Index Business Day (a "Rebalancing Date") other than an Index Business Day falling in a Recomposition Period is different from the Divergence Tick in respect of such Index Commodity on the immediately preceding Index Business Day or, if such immediately preceding Index Business Day falls in a Recomposition Period, on the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Recomposition Period then each Index Commodity shall be rebalanced on such Rebalancing Date in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph (such procedure a "Rebalancing").

The ER Calculation Value in respect of each Index Commodity in relation to a Rebalancing Date is the product (the "New Instrument Value" for such Index Commodity for such Rebalancing Date) of (i) the New Instrument Amount for such Index Commodity for such Index Business Day and (ii) the Closing Price for such Index Commodity for such Index Business Day;

expressed as a formula:

(NIA x CP)

where:

"NIA" is the New Instrument Amount for the relevant Index Commodity for the relevant Index Business Day; and

"CP" is the Closing Price for the relevant Index Commodity for the relevant Index Business Day.

For the purposes of this paragraph:

"Adjusted Index Base Weight" means, in respect of an Index Commodity on a Rebalancing Date, (i) the product of (A) the Index Base Weight for such Index Commodity and (B) the relevant Exponential divided by (ii) the Divisor;

expressed as a formula:

$$\frac{\text{IBW x EXP}}{\text{DIV}}$$

where:

"IBW" means the Index Base Weight in respect of the relevant Index Commodity;

"EXP" means the relevant Exponential; and

"DIV" means the Divisor.

"Divergence Tick" means, in relation to an Index Commodity and an Index Business Day, an amount which may be positive, negative or zero calculated in accordance with the following formula:

where:

"trunc" means truncation;

"DHI" means 5 per cent., being the Divergence Hurdle Interval;

"a" means the One Year Average of the relevant Index Commodity on such Index Business Day; and

"A" means the Five Year Average of the relevant Index Commodity on such Index Business Day.

"Divisor" means the sum of the Preliminary Adjusted Index Base Weights of each Index Commodity.

"Exponential" means, in respect of an Index Commodity and a Rebalancing Date, a percentage equal to the exponential function of the product of (i) the Divergence Tick for such Index Commodity on such Rebalancing Date multiplied by -1 and (ii) 0.3, being the Reweighting Factor;

expressed as a formula:

$$e^{(x^*RF)}$$

where:

"e" is the exponential;

"x" is the Divergence Tick of the relevant Index Commodity for such Rebalancing Date multiplied by -1; and

"RF" is 0.3, being the Reweighting Factor

"Five Year Average" means, in respect of an Index Commodity and an Index Business Day, the average of the Closing Prices for such Index Commodity for all the Index Business Days in the relevant Five Year Averaging Period.

"Five Year Averaging Period" means, in respect of an Index Commodity and an Index Business Day, the period from and including the relevant Start Date to and including the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Index Business Day (the "End Date"). As used in this definition, "Start Date" means the Index Business Day immediately following the date falling five calendar years prior to the End Date. If the End Date falls on 29th February in any year then the date falling five calendar years prior to such date shall be deemed to be 28th February.

"Index Base Weight" means the weightings assigned to each Index Commodity on the Base Date being:

- (a) in respect of Crude Oil, 35.00%;
- (b) in respect of Heating Oil, 20.00%;
- (c) in respect of Aluminium, 12.50%;
- (d) in respect of Gold, 10.00%;
- (e) in respect of Corn, 11.25%; and
- (f) in respect of Wheat, 11.25%.

"New Instrument Amount" means, in respect of each Index Commodity on a Rebalancing Date (i) the product of the Rebalancing ER Closing Level for such Index Business Day and the Adjusted Index Base Weight for such Index Commodity divided by (ii) the Closing Price for such Index Commodity on such Index Business Day;

expressed as a formula:

$$\frac{RCL \times AIBW}{CP}$$

where:

"RCL" is the Rebalancing ER Closing Level for the relevant Rebalancing Date;

"AIBW" is the Adjusted Index Base Weight for such Index Commodity on the relevant Rebalancing Date; and

"CP" is the Closing Price for such Index Commodity for the relevant Index Business Day.

"One Year Average" means, in respect of an Index Commodity and an Index Business Day, the average of the Closing Prices for such Index Commodity for all the Index Business Days in the relevant One Year Averaging Period.

"One Year Averaging Period" means, in respect of an Index Commodity and an Index Business Day, the period from and including the relevant Start Date to and including the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Index Business Day (the "End Date"). As used in this definition, "Start Date" means the Index Business Day immediately following the date falling one year prior to the End Date. If the End Date falls on 29th February in any year then the date falling one year prior to such date shall be deemed to be 28th February.

"Preliminary Adjusted Index Base Weight" means, in respect of an Index Commodity on a Rebalancing Date, the product of (i) the Index Base Weight for such Index Commodity and (ii) the relevant Exponential, expressed as a decimal;

expressed as a formula:

IBW x EXP

where:

"IBW" means the Index Base Weight in respect of the relevant Index Commodity; and

"EXP" means the relevant Exponential.

"Rebalancing ER Closing Level" means, in respect of a Rebalancing Date, the sum of the values calculated for each Index Commodity as the product (the "Rebalanced Existing Instrument Value" for such Rebalancing Date) of (i) the Existing Instrument Amount for such Index Commodity for the Index Business Day immediately preceding such Rebalancing Date or, if such immediately preceding Index Business Day is the last day of a Recomposition Period, the New Instrument Amount for the relevant Index Commodity on such immediately preceding Index Business Day and (ii) the Closing Price for such Index Commodity for such Index Business Day;

expressed as a formula:

$$\sum_{i \in \{X\}} EIA_i \times CP_i$$

where:

"EIA" is the Existing Instrument Amount for the relevant Index Commodity for the Index Business Day immediately preceding the relevant Rebalancing Date or, if such immediately preceding Index Business Day is the last day of a Recomposition Period, the New Instrument Amount for the relevant Index Commodity on such immediately preceding Index Business Day;

"CP" is the Closing Price for the relevant Index Commodity for the relevant Index Business Day; and

"{x}" is the subset of the Index Commodities.

"Index Closing Value"

means on any calendar day, the Closing Level of the DBLCI-MR, which shall be the ER Closing Level if the Hedged Index Closing Value is calculated on an "excess return" basis (the "Excess Return Index") or the TR Closing Level if the Hedged Index Closing Value is calculated on a "total return" basis (the "Total Return Index").

CORRECTIONS TO CLOSING PRICES FOR EXCHANGE INSTRUMENTS

In calculating the Closing Levels, the Index Sponsor shall have regard to subsequent corrections to any Closing Price published by the relevant Exchange prior to the Index Valuation Time on the Valid Date for the relevant Index Commodity immediately following the Index Business Day to which the relevant Closing Level relates but not thereafter.

INDEX DISRUPTION EVENT

If an Index Disruption Event in relation to an Index Commodity or a related Exchange Instrument continues for a period of five successive Exchange Business Days, the Index Sponsor will, in its discretion, either (i) continue to calculate the relevant Closing Price by reference to the closing price of the relevant Exchange Instrument on the immediately preceding Valid Date (as provided in the definition of the relevant Closing Price) for a further period of five successive Exchange Business Days or (ii) select:

- (a) an Exchange Traded Instrument relating to the relevant Index Commodity or in the determination of the Index Sponsor a commodity substantially similar to the relevant Index Commodity published in U.S. Dollars; or
- (b) if no Exchange Traded Instrument as described in (a) above is available or the Index Sponsor determines that for any reason (including, without limitation, the liquidity or volatility of such Exchange Traded Instrument at the relevant time) the inclusion of such Exchange Traded Instrument in the DBLCI-MR would not be appropriate, an Exchange Traded Instrument relating to the relevant Index Commodity or in the determination of the Index Sponsor a commodity substantially similar to the relevant Index Commodity published in a currency other than U.S. Dollars; or

(c) if no such Exchange Traded Instrument as described in (a) or (b) above is available or the Index Sponsor determines that for any reason (including, without limitation, the liquidity or volatility of such Exchange Traded Instrument at the relevant time) the inclusion of such Exchange Traded Instrument would not be appropriate, an Exchange Traded Instrument relating to any commodity in the same Group of Commodities as the relevant Index Commodity which is published in U.S. Dollars,

in each case to replace the Exchange Instrument relating to the relevant Index Commodity, all as determined by the Index Sponsor.

In the case of (i) above, if an Index Disruption Event in relation to the relevant Index Commodity or Exchange Instrument continues for the further period of five successive Exchange Business Days referred to therein, on the expiry of such period the provisions of (ii) above shall apply.

In the case of a replacement of an Exchange Traded Instrument as described in (ii) above, the Index Sponsor will make such adjustments to the methodology and calculation of the DBLCI-MR as it determines to be appropriate to account for the relevant replacement and will publish such adjustments in accordance with paragraph 15 (Publication of Closing Levels and Adjustments) below.

For the purposes of this Description:

"Group of Commodities" means each of oils, non-precious metals, precious metals and agricultural products. For the avoidance of doubt, Crude Oil and Heating Oil are oils, Aluminium is a non-precious metal, Gold is a precious metal and Corn and Wheat are agricultural products.

"Index Disruption Event" means, in respect of an Index Commodity or a related Exchange Instrument, an event (other than a Force Majeure Event) that would require the Index Sponsor to calculate the Closing Price in respect of the relevant Index Commodity on an alternative basis were such event to occur or exist on a day that is an Exchange Business Day (or, if different, the day on which the Closing Price for such Exchange Instrument for the relevant Index Business Day would, in the ordinary course, be published or announced by the relevant Exchange).

FORCE MAJEURE

If a Force Majeure Event occurs on an Index Business Day, the Index Sponsor may in its discretion:

(i) make such determinations and/or adjustments to the terms of this Description of the DBLCI-MR as it considers appropriate to determine any Closing Level on any such Index Business Day; and/or

- (ii) defer publication of the information relating to the DBLCI-MR, as described in paragraph 1 (General) above, until the next Index Business Day on which it determines that no Force Majeure Event exists; and/or
- (iii) permanently cancel publication of the information relating to the DBLCI-MR described in paragraph 1 (General) above.

For the purposes of this Description:

"Force Majeure Event" means an event or circumstance (including, without limitation, a systems failure, natural or man-made disaster, act of God, armed conflict, act of terrorism, riot or labour disruption or any similar intervening circumstance) that is beyond the reasonable control of the Index Sponsor and that the Index Sponsor determines affects the DBLCI-MR, any Index Commodity or any Exchange Instrument.

INDEX SPONSOR

All determinations made by the Index Sponsor will be made by it in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner by reference to such factors as the Index Sponsor deems appropriate and will be final, conclusive and binding in the absence of manifest error.

CHANGE IN THE METHODOLOGY OF THE DBLCI-MR

The Index Sponsor will, subject as provided below, employ the methodology described above and its application of such methodology shall be conclusive and binding. While the Index Sponsor currently employs the above described methodology to calculate the DBLCI-MR, no assurance can be given that fiscal, market, regulatory, juridical or financial circumstances (including, but not limited to, any changes to or any suspension or termination of or any other events affecting any Index Commodity or an Exchange Traded Instrument) will not arise that would, in the view of the Index Sponsor, necessitate a modification of or change to such methodology and in such circumstances the Index Sponsor may make any such modification or change as it determines appropriate. The Index Sponsor may also make modifications to the terms of the DBLCI-MR in any manner that it may deem necessary or desirable, including (without limitation) to correct any manifest or proven error or to cure, correct or supplement any defective provision contained in this Description of the DBLCI-MR. The Index Sponsor will publish notice of any such modification or change and the effective date thereof in accordance with paragraph 15 (Publication of Closing Levels and Adjustments) below.

PUBLICATION OF CLOSING LEVELS AND ADJUSTMENTS

The Index Sponsor will publish the ER Closing Level and the TR Closing Level for each Index Business Day as soon as practicable after the Index Valuation Time on Reuters Page DBLCI or any successor thereto and on its website http://index.db.com or any successor thereto.

The Index Sponsor will publish any adjustments made to the DBLCI-MR on its website http://index.db.com or any successor thereto.

16. HISTORICAL CLOSING LEVELS and averages

Set out below are (a) certain Closing Levels and (b) One Year Averages and Five Year Averages as of the Base Date, in each case back-calculated on a hypothetical basis.

All calculations are based on information obtained from various publicly available source(s). The Index Sponsor has not independently verified the information extracted from these source(s).

Certain Exchange Instruments did not exist throughout the five year period preceding the Base Date. The Five Year Average for the related Index Commodities on the Base Date is therefore taken as a set amount. That amount is then used on a weighted average basis, together with Closing Prices of the relevant Index Commodity following the Base Date, in the calculation of the relevant Five Year Averages during the five year period following the Base Date.

(a) Closing Levels

DBLCI-MR Excess Return

	Excess Return	
	High	Low
1989	168.6039	110.3808
1990	224.789	142.8082
1991	192.5423	154.8351
1992	175.2934	152.8937
1993	156.6343	129.2333
1994	172.9133	131.3554
1995	198.9208	155.6813
1996	314.5076	184.4419
1997	318.3865	245.436
1998	248.5839	152.9911
1999	239.7511	148.4067
2000	261.8935	229.0616
2001	244.3853	198.6025
2002	266.3393	200.4529
2003	320.3286	252.7371
2004	427.6895	314.37
2005	443.8763	383.0318
2006	567.0669	405.5437

Past performance should not be taken as an indication of future performance.

ALTHOUGH THE INDEX SPONSOR WILL OBTAIN INFORMATION FOR INCLUSION IN OR FOR USE IN THE CALCULATION OF THE DBLCI-MR FROM SOURCE(S) WHICH THE INDEX SPONSOR CONSIDERS RELIABLE, THE INDEX SPONSOR WILL NOT INDEPENDENTLY VERIFY SUCH INFORMATION AND DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE ACCURACY AND/OR THE COMPLETENESS OF THE DBLCI-MR OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. THE INDEX SPONSOR SHALL NOT BE LIABLE (WHETHER IN NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) TO ANY PERSON FOR ANY ERROR IN THE DBLCI-MR AND THE INDEX SPONSOR IS UNDER NO OBLIGATION TO ADVISE ANY PERSON OF ANY ERROR THEREIN.

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Further Information Published by the Issuer

The Issuer does not intend to provide any further information on the Underlying.

VII. COUNTRY SPECIFIC INFORMATION

This section should be read in conjunction with, and is subject to, the Product Conditions, the General Conditions and all other sections of this document.

1. Taxation

Purchasers of Securities may be required to pay taxes and other charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country of purchase in addition to the issue price of each Security.

Transactions involving securities may have tax consequences for potential purchasers which may depend, amongst other things, upon the status of the potential purchaser and laws relating to transfer and registration taxes. Potential purchasers who are in any doubt about the tax position of any aspect of transactions involving securities should consult their own tax advisers.

The following is a summary of current Italian law and practise relating to the taxation of the Securities. Prospective purchasers of the Securities are advised to consult their own tax advisers concerning the overall tax consequences of their ownership of the Securities.

The statements herein regarding taxation are based on the laws in force in Italy as at the date of this Prospectus and are subject to any changes in law occurring after such date, which changes could be made on a retroactive basis. The following summary does not purport to be a comprehensive description of all the tax considerations which may be relevant to a decision to subscribe for, purchase, own or dispose of the Securities and does not purport to deal with the tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which (such as dealers in securities or commodities) may be subject to special rules.

Law No. 80 of 7 April, 2003 for the reform of the Italian tax system was approved by the Italian Parliament on 26 March, 2003 and authorises the Italian Government, inter alia, to issue, within two years of the entering into force of such law, legislative decrees introducing a general reform of the tax treatment of financial income.

Legislative Decree No. 344 of 12 December 2003 published in the Italian Official Gazette of 16 December 2003, No. 261 (Ordinary Supplement No. 190), effective as of 1 January 2004 introduced the reform of taxation of corporations and of certain financial income amending the Italian Income Taxes Consolidated Code.

Legislative Decree No. 247 of 19 November 2005, published in the Official Gazette No. 280 of 1 December 2005 (known as the "Correttivo IRES"), introduced changes to the taxation of corporation and certain financial incomes, amending, *inter alia*, the Italian Income Taxes Consolidated Code.

Italian Taxation of Securities

Pursuant to Article 67 of Presidential Decree No. 917 of 22 December, 1986 and Legislative Decree No. 461 of 21 November, 1997, as subsequently amended, where the Italian resident Securityholder is (i) an individual not engaged in an entrepreneurial activity to which the Securities are connected, (ii) a non-commercial partnership, (iii) a non-commercial private or public institution, or (iv) an investor exempt from Italian corporate income taxation, capital gains accrued under the sale or the exercise of the Securities are subject to a 12.5% substitute tax ("imposta sostitutiva"). The recipient may opt for three different taxation criteria:

- (1) Under the tax declaration regime (regime della dichiarazione), which is the default regime for Italian resident individuals not engaged in an entrepreneurial activity to which the Securities are connected, the imposta sostitutiva on capital gains will be chargeable, on a cumulative basis, on all capital gains, net of any incurred capital loss, realised by the Italian resident individual holding the Securities not in connection with an entrepreneurial activity pursuant to all sales or redemptions of the Securities carried out during any given tax year. Italian resident individuals holding the Securities not in connection with an entrepreneurial activity must indicate the overall capital gains realised in any tax year, net of any relevant incurred capital loss, in the annual tax return and pay imposta sostitutiva on such gains together with any balance income tax due for such year. Capital losses in excess of capital gains may be carried forward against capital gains realised in any of the four succeeding tax years.
- As an alternative to the tax declaration regime, Italian resident individuals holding the Securities not in connection with an entrepreneurial activity may elect to pay the imposta sostitutiva separately on capital gains realised on each sale or redemption of the Securities (the "risparmio amministrato regime"). Such separate taxation of capital gains is allowed subject to (i) the Securities being deposited with Italian banks, SIMs or certain authorised financial intermediaries and (ii) an express election for the risparmio amministrato regime being timely made in writing by the relevant Securityholder. The depository is responsible for accounting for imposta sostitutiva in respect of capital gains realised on each sale or redemption of the Securities (as well as in respect of capital gains realised upon the revocation of its mandate), net of any incurred capital loss, and is required to pay the relevant amount to the Italian tax authorities on behalf of the taxpayer, deducting a corresponding amount from the proceeds to be credited to the Securityholder or using funds provided by the Securityholder for this purpose. Under the risparmio amministrato regime, where a sale or redemption of the Securities results in a capital loss, such loss may be deducted from capital gains subsequently realised, within the same securities management, in the same tax year or in the following tax years up to the fourth. Under the risparmio amministrato regime, the Securityholder is not required to declare the capital gains in the annual tax return.
- (3) Any capital gains realised by Italian resident individuals holding the Securities not in connection with an entrepreneurial activity who have entrusted the management of their financial assets, including the Securities, to an authorised intermediary and have opted for the so-called "risparmio gestito" regime will be included in the computation of the annual increase in value of the managed assets accrued, even if not realised, at year end, subject to a 12.5 per cent. substitute tax, to be paid by the managing authorised intermediary. Under this risparmio gestito regime, any depreciation of the managed assets accrued at year end may be carried forward against increase in value of the managed assets accrued in any of the four succeeding tax years. Under the risparmio gestito regime, the Securityholder is not required to declare the capital gains realised in the annual tax return.

Where an Italian resident Securityholder is a company or similar commercial entity, or the Italian permanent establishment of a foreign commercial entity to which the Securities are effectively connected, capital gains arising from the Securities will not be subject to *imposta* sostitutiva, but must be included in the relevant Securityholder's income tax return and are therefore subject to Italian corporate tax (IRES).

Capital gains realised by non-Italian resident Securityholders are not subject to Italian taxation, provided that the Securities are held outside of Italy.

Atypical securities

In accordance with a different interpretation of current tax law it is possible that the Securities would be considered as 'atypical' securities pursuant to Article 8 of Law Decree No. 512 of 30

September, 1983 as implemented by Law No. 649 of 25 November, 1983. In this event, payments relating to Securities may be subject to an Italian withholding tax, levied at the rate of 27 per cent.

The 27 per cent. withholding tax mentioned above does not apply to payments made to a non-Italian resident Securityholder and to an Italian resident Securityholder which is (i) a company or similar commercial entity (including the Italian permanent establishment of foreign entities), (ii) a commercial partnership, or (iii) a commercial private or public institution. The 27 per cent. withholding tax is applied as an advance payment (*ritenuta d'acconto*) for Italian resident individuals engaged in an entrepreneurial activity to which the Securities are connected.

2. Subscription Period

In Italy, applications to subscribe for the Securities may be made at the offices of Bipielle.Net, during the period commencing on 15 January 2007 and ending on 21 February 2007. However, the Issuer reserves the right for any reason to close the subscription period prior to its stated expiry.

3. Settlement and Clearing

The Global Security will be deposited with the Clearing Agent and has been accepted for clearing by it under security and clearing codes set out below:

ISIN: DE000DB0NRA0

WKN: DB0NRA Common Code: 028240406

4. Agent in Italy

In Italy, the Agent shall be Deutsche Bank AG acting through its office in Milan. The Agent shall act as the warrant agent or paying agent as appropriate at the following address: Piazza del Calendario, 3, 20126 – Milan.

The Securities have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Any offer or sale of the Securities must be made in a atransaction exempt from the registration requirements of such Act pursuant to Regulation S thereunder. The Securities may not be offered, sold or otherwise transferred in the United States or to persons who are either U.S. persons defined as such in Regulation S of such Act or persons who do not come within the definition of a non-United States person under Rule 4.7 of the United States Commodity Exchange Act, as amended.

PARTY LIST

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